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A Department of the City and County of San Francisco

# Chasing the Twin Goals of Carbon Reduction and Racial Equity

**SEEC Conference 2019**

Rich Chien, SF Environment

Ammon Reagan, SF Environment

Leah Obias, Race Forward

Chris Selig, PODER

# Agenda



1. Developing an inclusive and equitable zero carbon buildings roadmap for the Climate Action Strategy (Rich)
2. How we conducted a bottom-up assessment of the source of building sector emissions to improve our understanding of where they come from and what we could do to reduce them (Ammon)
3. Introduction to tools that support community engagement and racial equity-focused building decarbonization planning (Leah)
4. How San Francisco's Anchor Partners are implementing the approach (Chris)

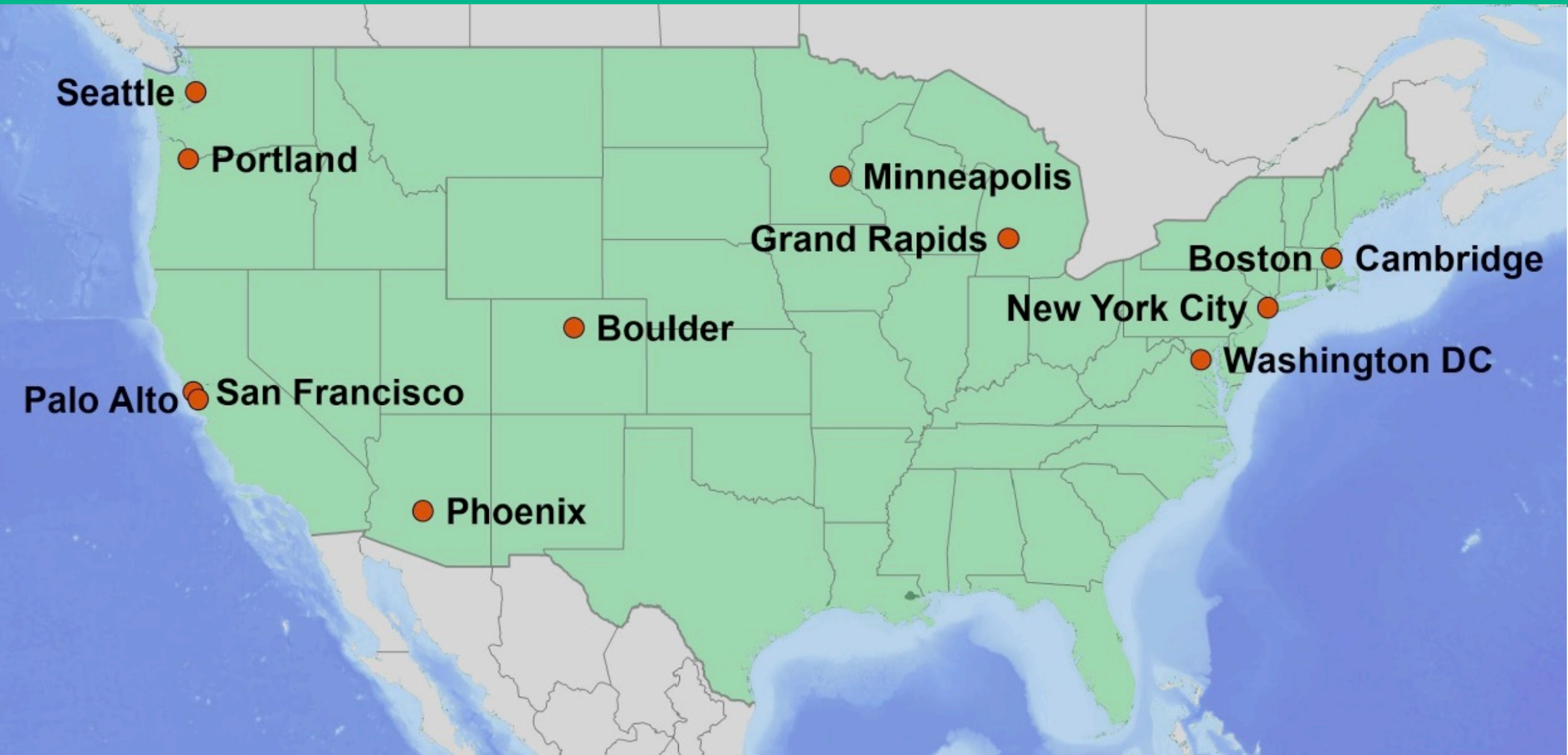
# Net Zero Emissions by 2050



New Construction	2030
All Buildings	2050



# Zero Cities Project



# Project Scope and Supporting Partners



## All Cities

- Develop Zero Carbon Building Roadmaps
- Identify solutions that advance racial equity
- Share learnings w/next wave cities



## San Francisco

- Building Sector Assessment
- Residential Decarb Roadmaps (modeling and engagement tool)
- Reach Codes support
- Incorporate building actions into CAS update



# Paris Agreement Compliant Climate Action Strategy



- Provide a clear roadmap of actions to reduce GHG emissions
- Evaluate inclusive benefits of actions
- Identify Clear Roles and Responsibilities
- Monitoring and Verification Plan
- Integrate Mitigation and Adaptation
- Address racial, social and economic inequities

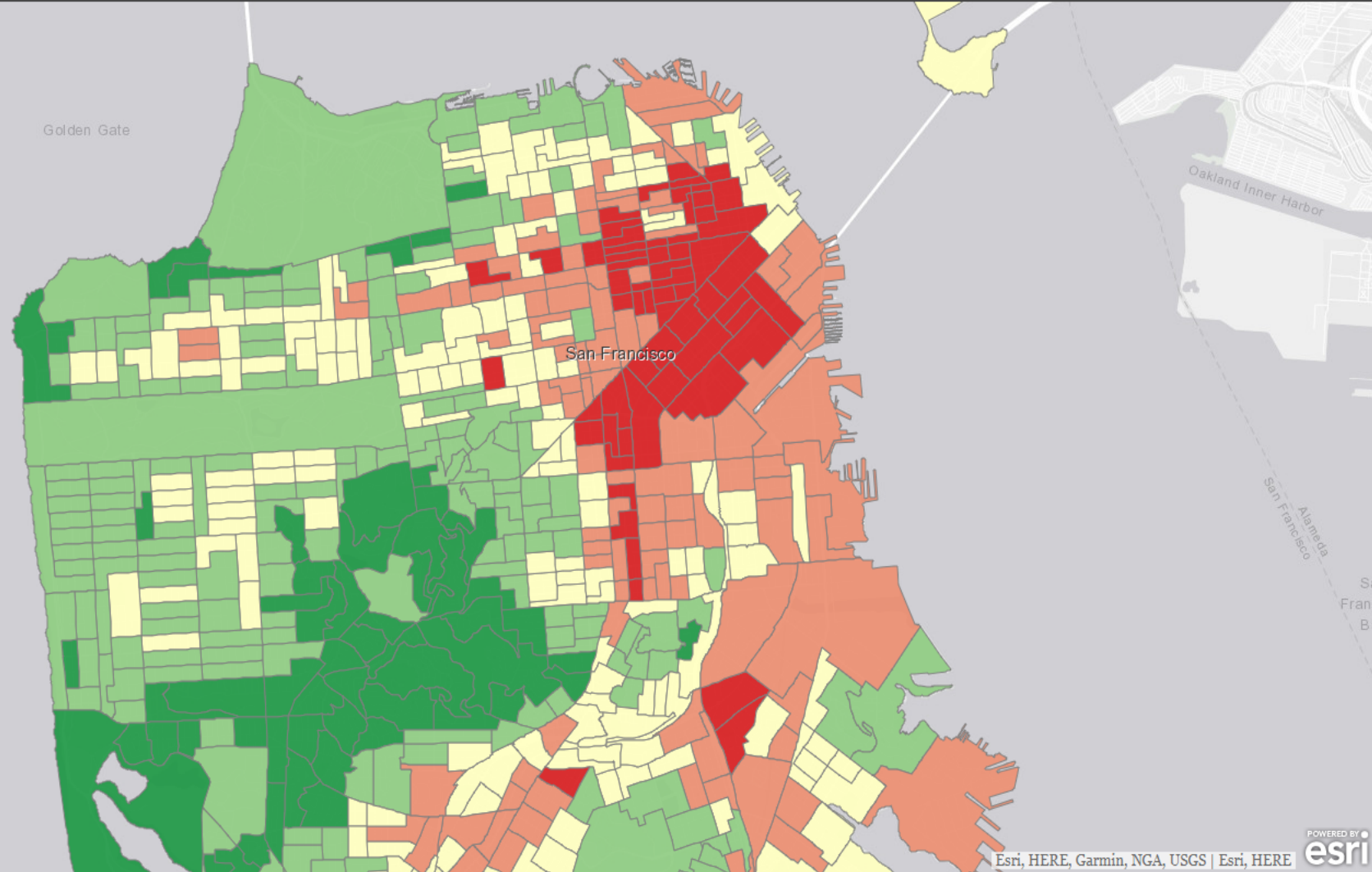


# Disproportionate Impacts of Climate Change



## San Francisco Heat Vulnerability Index

The Heat Vulnerability Index is a measure of vulnerability to adverse health effects in an extreme heat event. In addition to exposure to heat and climate conditions, many other factors, such as individual physiology, culture, local infrastructure, behavior, and social and demographic characteristics influence the risk of heat-related health impacts. To calculate the Heat Vulnerability Index, data on 21 variables identified to influence an individual or community's heat vulnerability were obtained. These indicators capture individual pre-existing conditions (asthma rates), demographic and socioeconomic factors (age, race, educational attainment, language, income, poverty, living alone, living in a nursing home), environmental exposure factors (temperature, air quality, tree density, proximity to parks/green space, living on top floor), and infrastructure conditions (building age, mobility/access to transportation, air conditioning).



### LEGEND

#### Heat Vulnerability

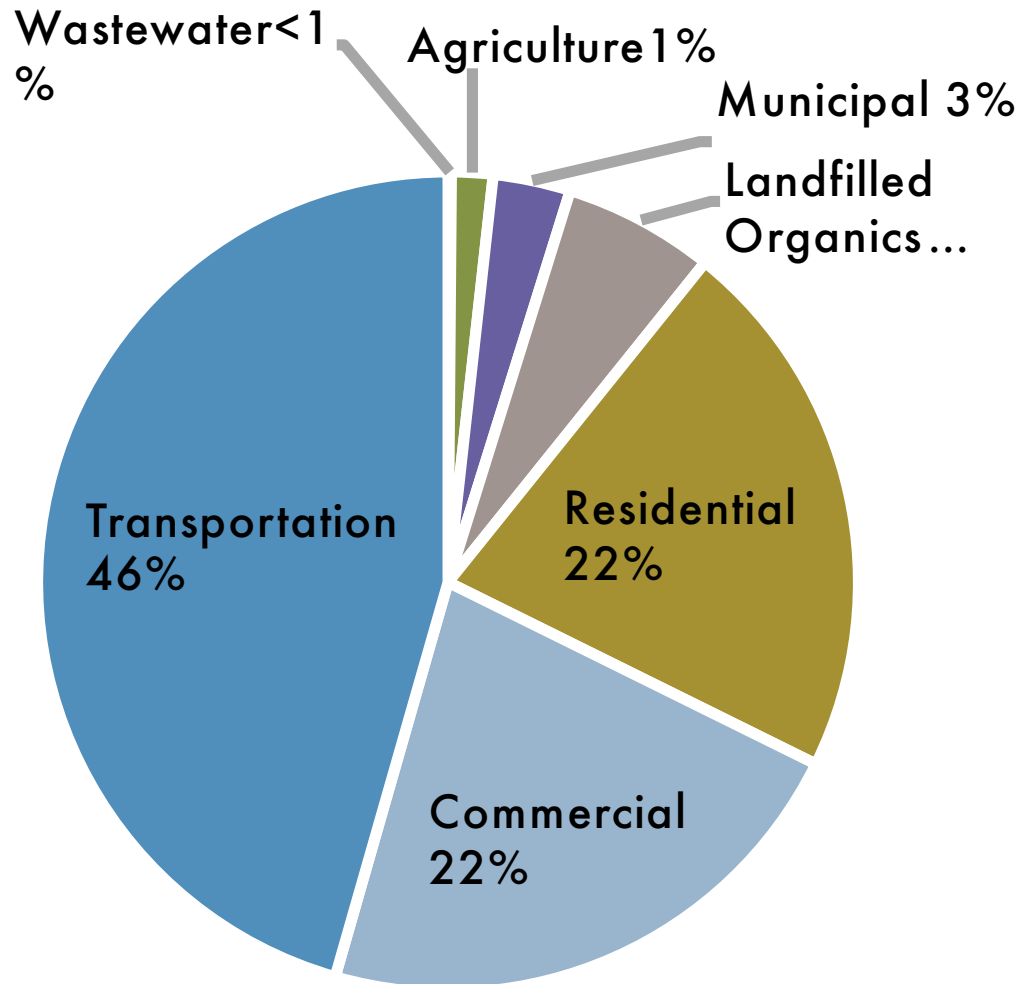
Heat Vulnerability Score

- High
- Medium-High
- Medium
- Low-Medium
- Low

# City Emissions and Buildings



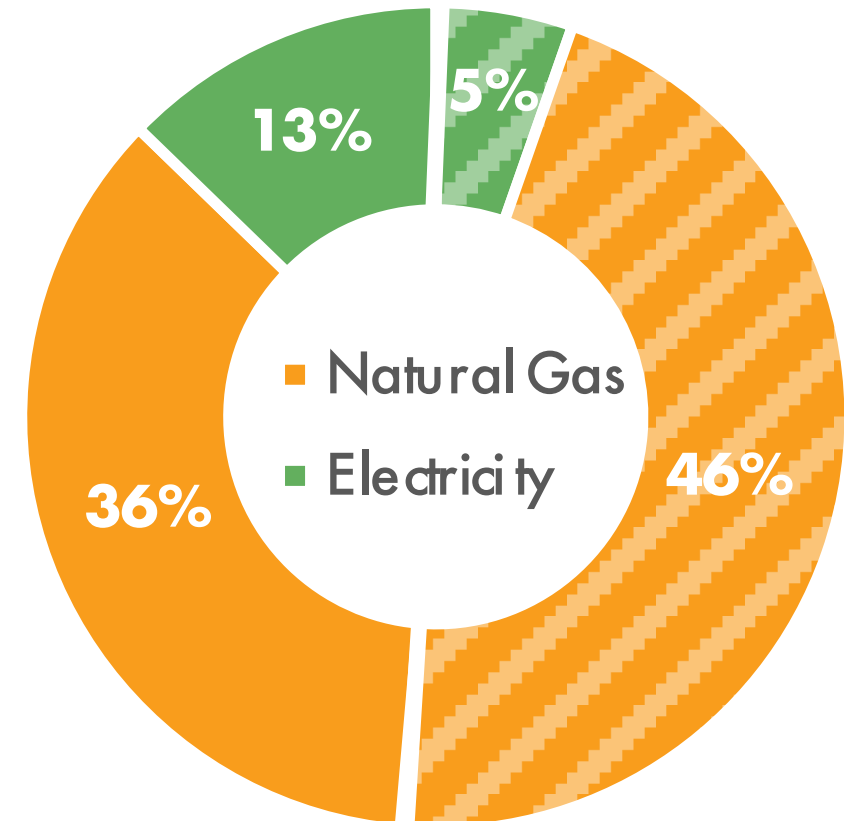
## CITYWIDE



## BUILDINGS

### Commercial

### Residential





# Zero Emissions Buildings in 3 Steps



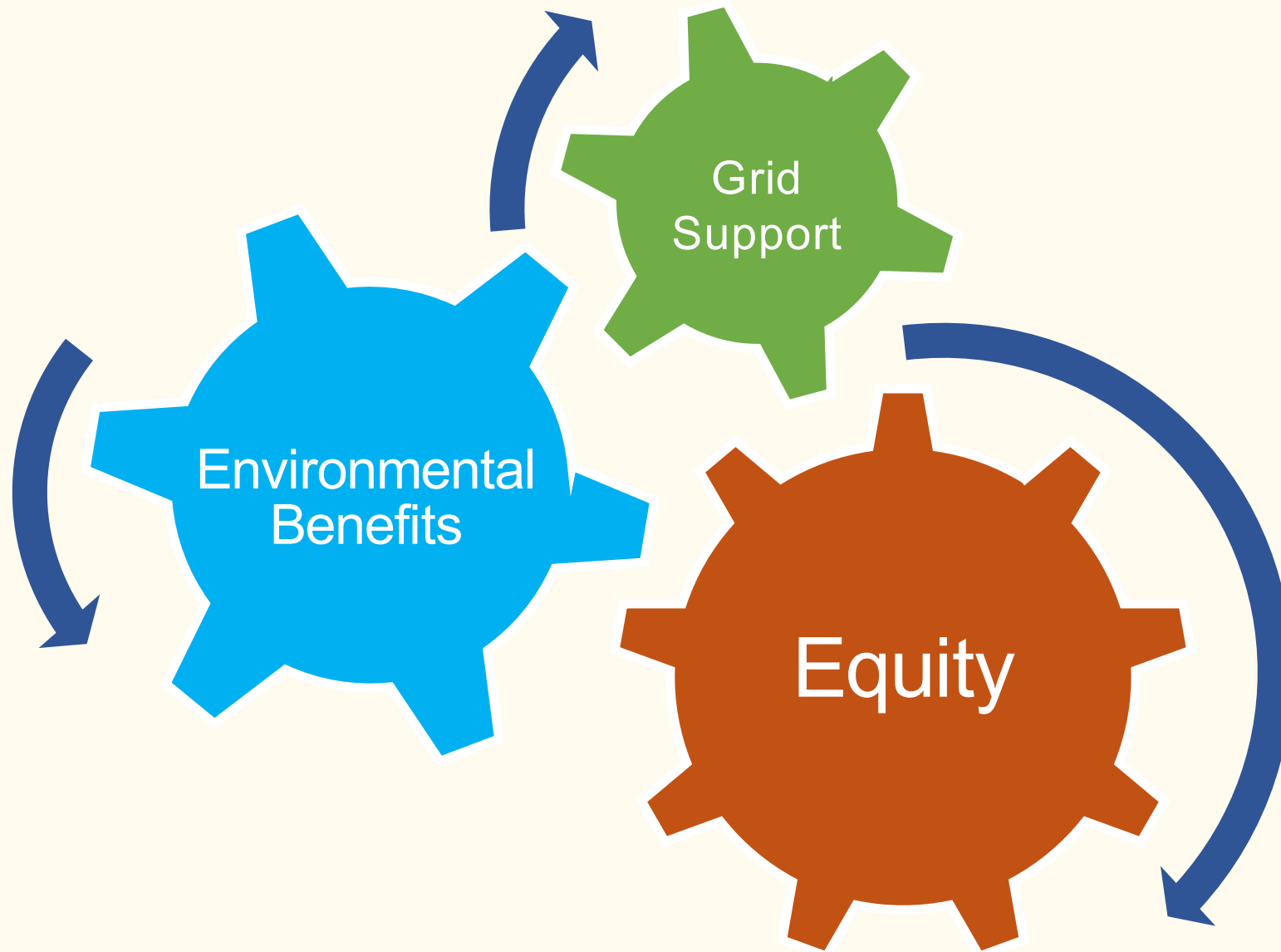
**1. Energy efficiency**

**2. Supply renewable electricity**

**3. Electrify appliances**



# Beneficial Electrification



# Affordable Housing is Leading the Way



Casa Adelante: TNDC/CCDC, Mithun, YA Studio, Association for Energy Affordability

# What About Everyone Else?



- Housing and Energy Affordability
- Displacement and Gentrification
- Address Unequal Burdens of Climate Actions including Electrification
- Equitable Distribution of Direct Benefits and Co-benefits
- Access to Economic and Job Opportunities



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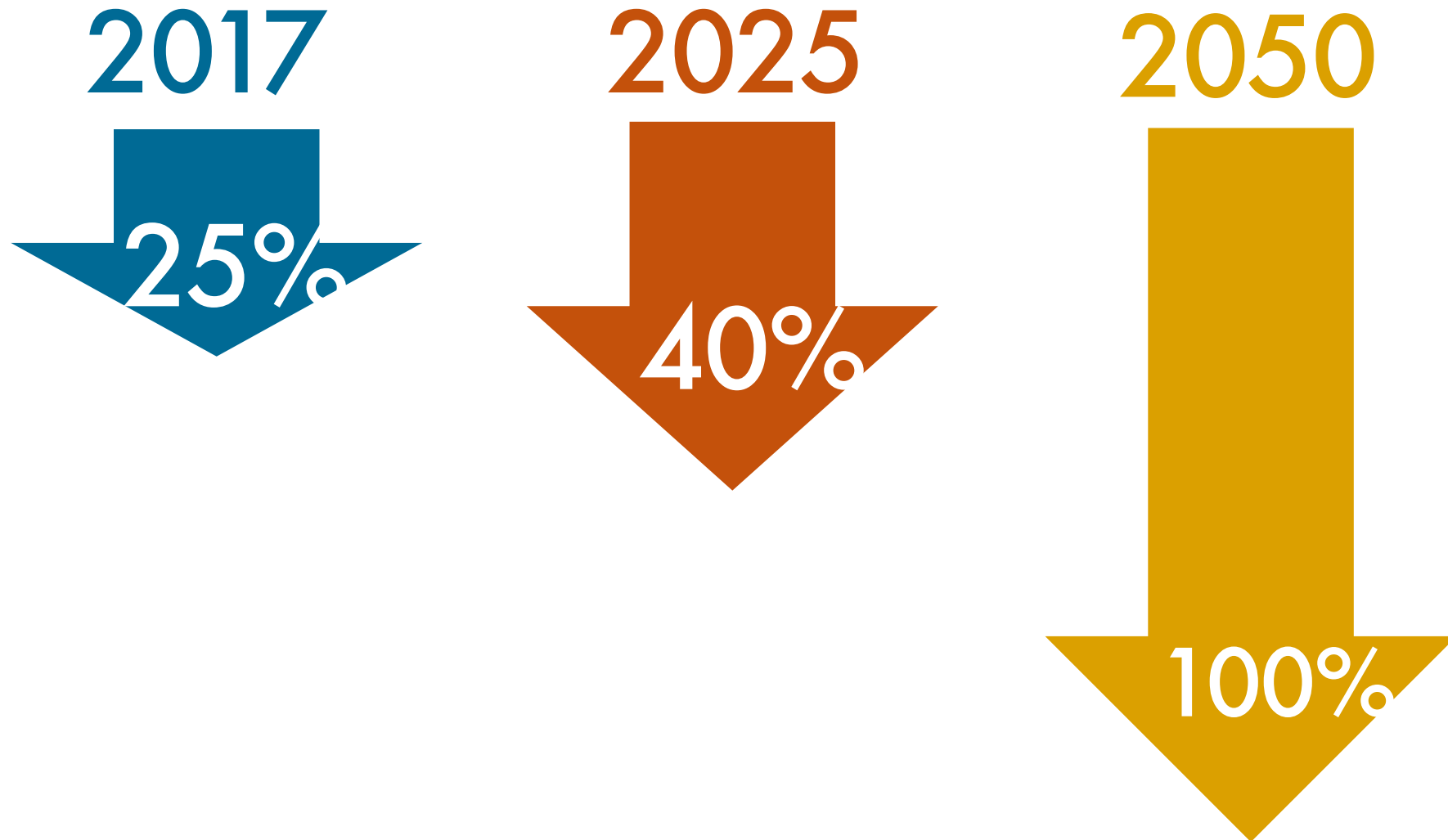
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# Baseline Assessment and Emissions Modeling

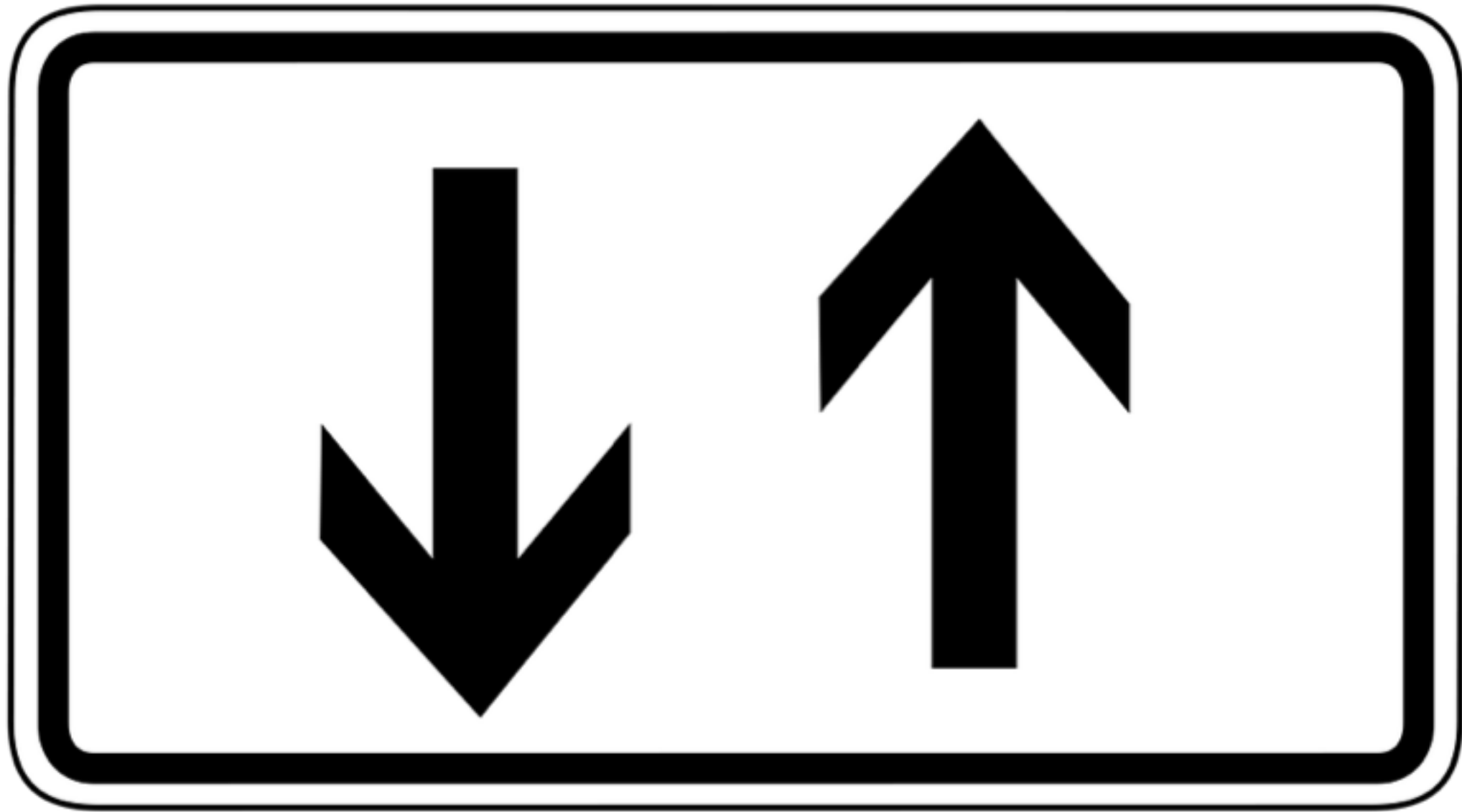
Ammon Reagan



# Modeling Emissions to Meet Goals



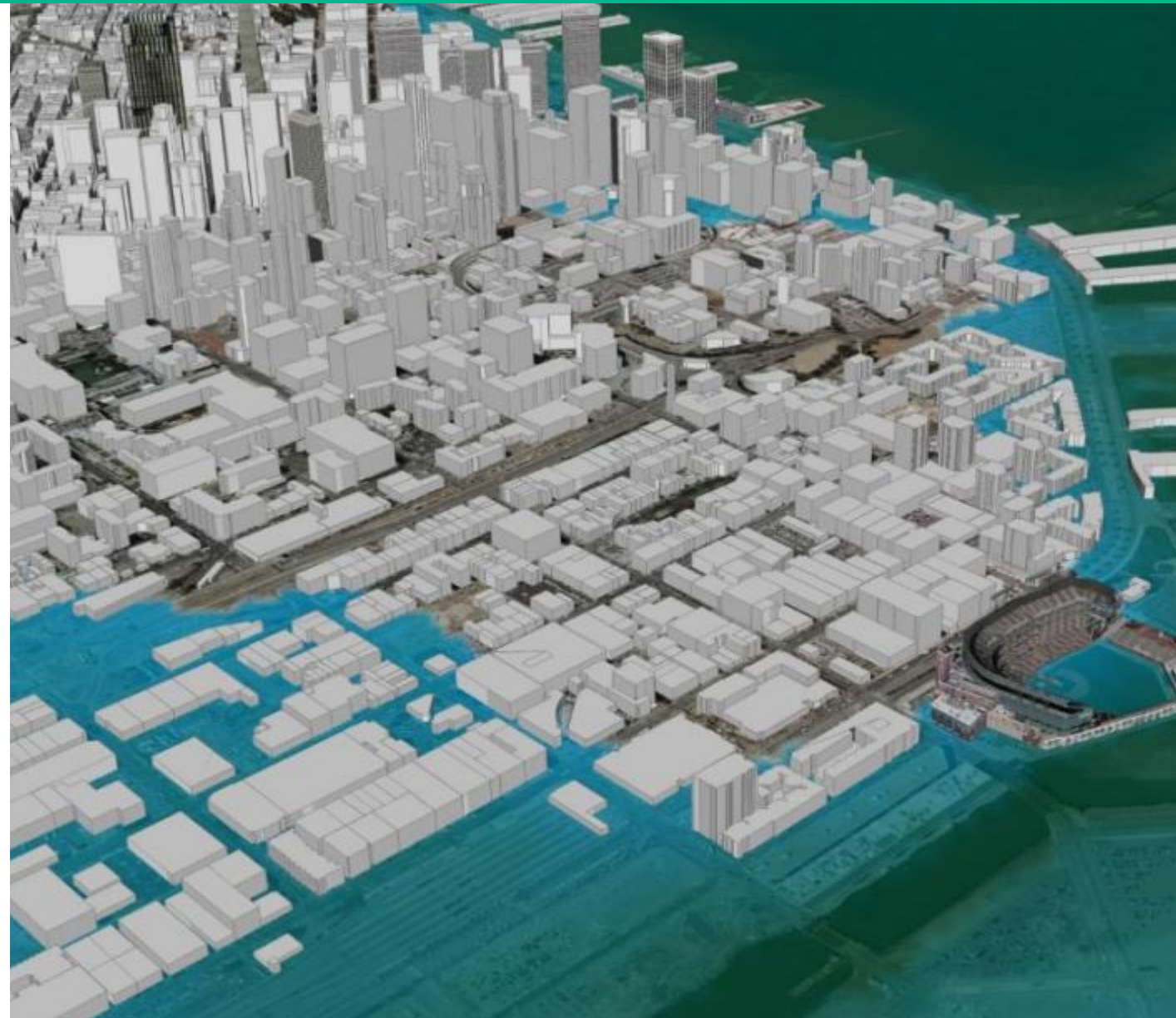
# Bottom-Up Approach



# Two Functionalities



- **Baseline Assessment**
- **Emissions Projection**





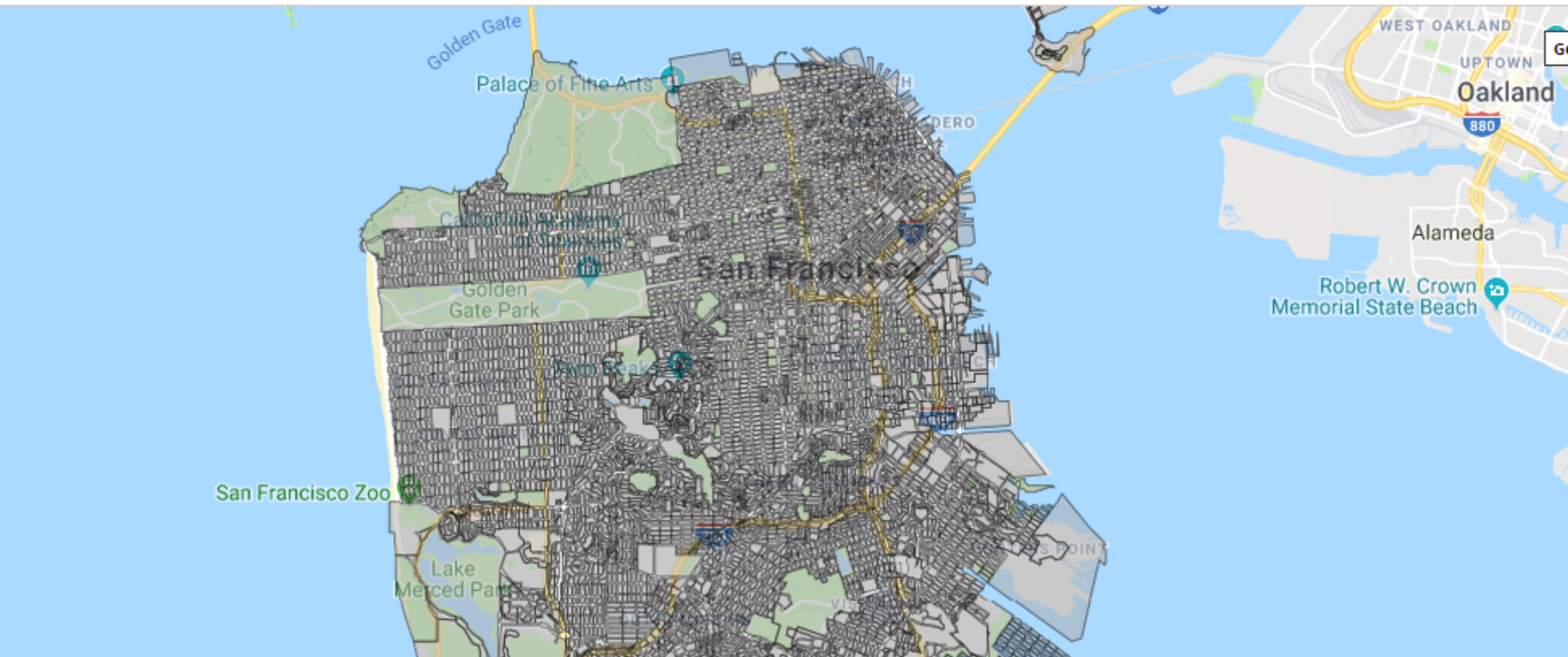
# Methodology

# San Francisco Building Stock from Public Data



San Francisco Assessor Blocks  
Based on [San Francisco Assessor Blocks](#)

Find in this Dataset



# Data Cleaning



- Owner Record vs Building Record
- Mixed-Use Buildings



# Data Cleaning and Categorization



- Re-Categorizing Use type
- Single Family vs. Multifamily

# Calculating Building Energy Use – EUI



# ZERO TOOL™



Country  \*

City  \*  \*

Postal Code  \*

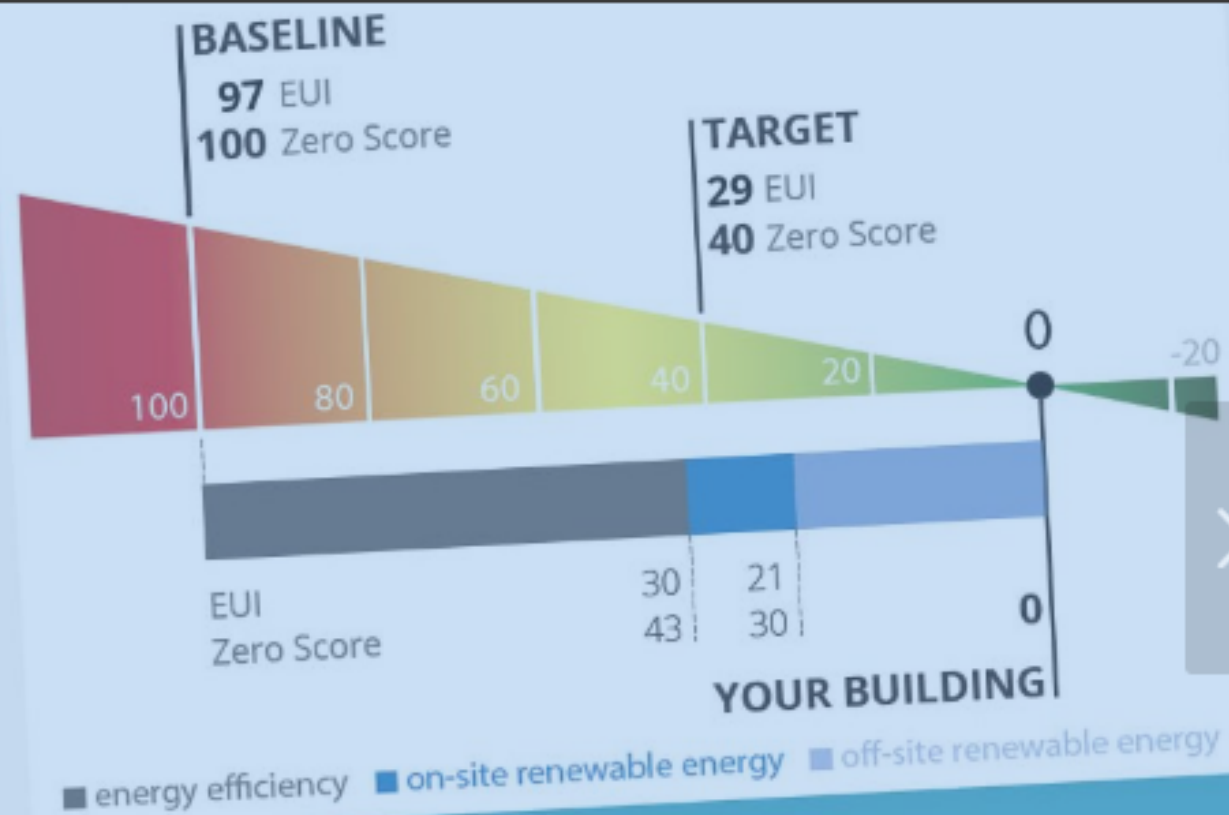
**ZERO TOOL**

Calculate energy reduction baselines and targets for existing buildings and building designs, compare your building's performance to similar buildings, and visualize how your building achieves its current energy performance.

In order to provide you with an appropriate comparison for your building, we need to know how spaces in this building will be used. If your building has multiple uses, add them below.

[LEARN MORE](#)

Residential



## BUILDING SUMMARY

LOCATION

# Calculating Building Energy Use – Fuel Split



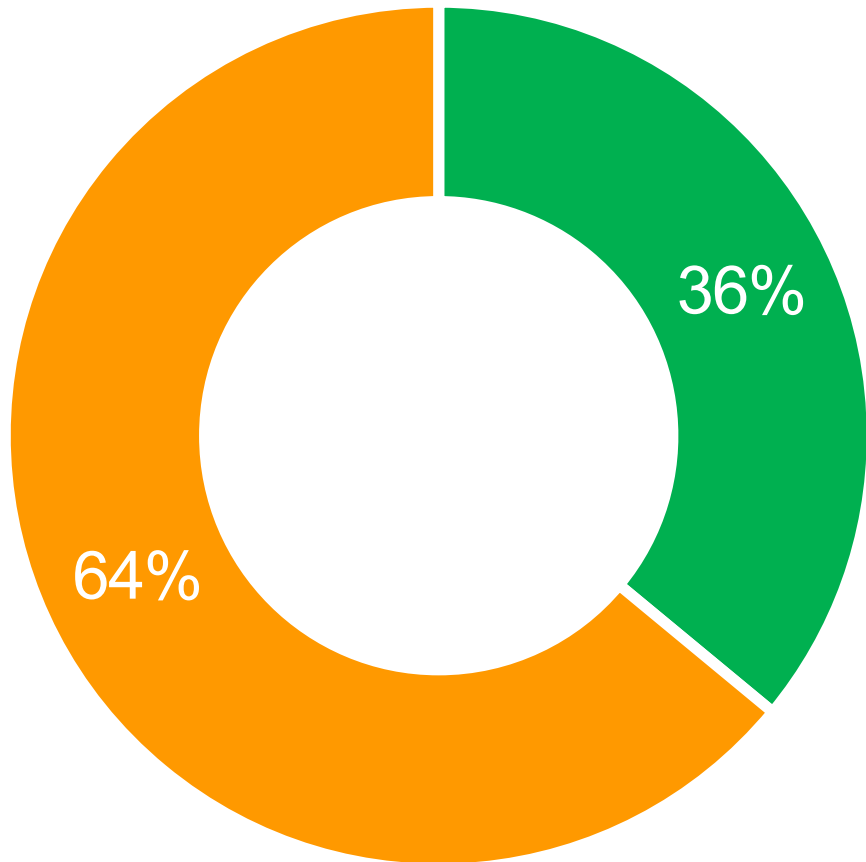
# Calculating Building Emissions From Multiple Utilities



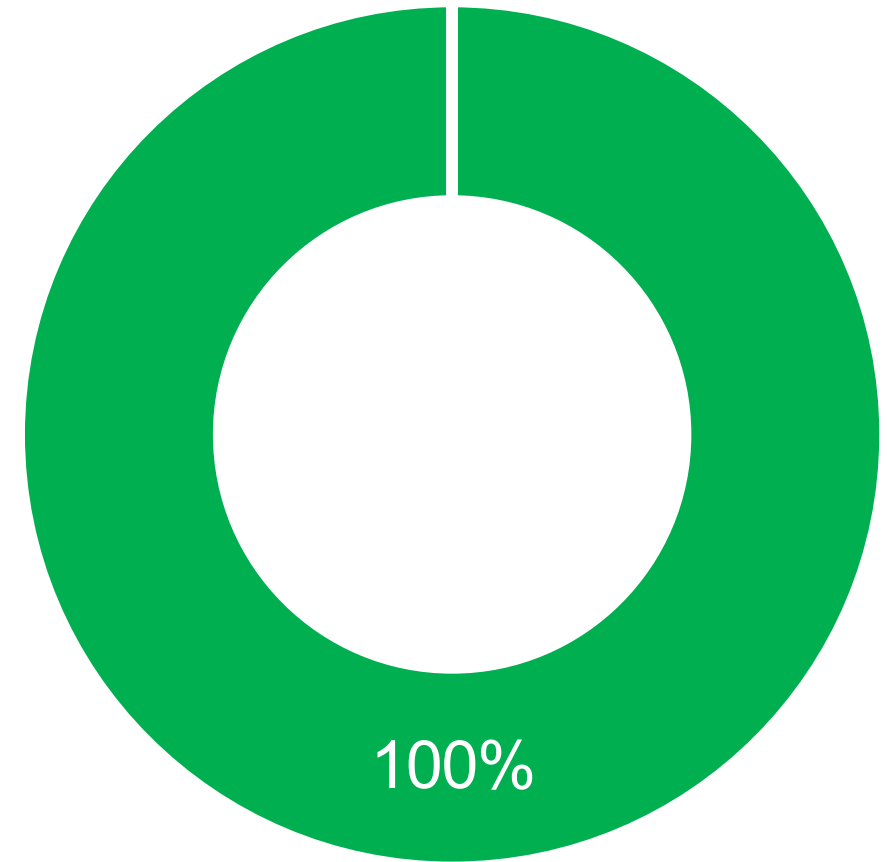
# Split Model into Two Paths



## Base Electricity Content



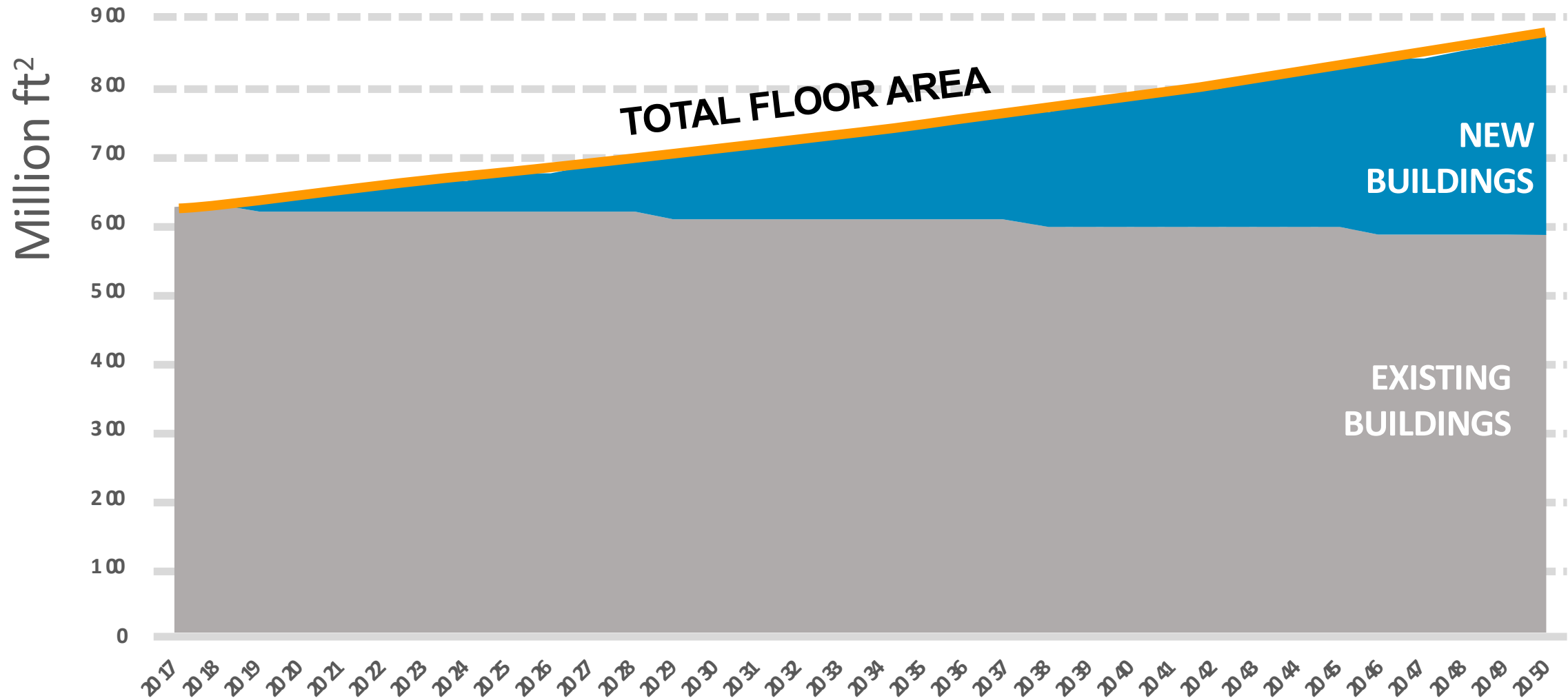
## 100% Renewable Electricity Content



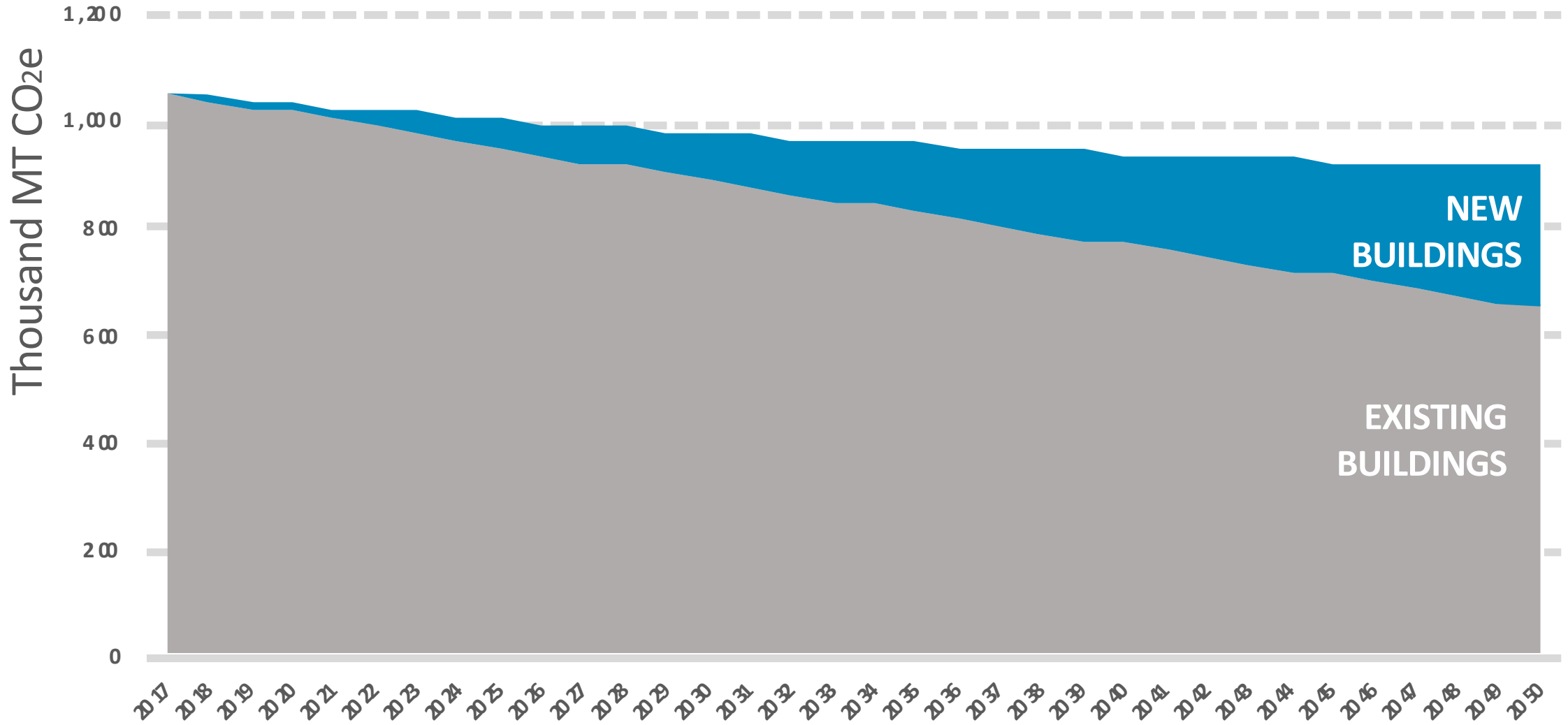
-  Not GHG Free
-  GHG Free



# Projecting Floor Area



# Projecting Future Emissions



# Key Findings from Baseline Analysis

# GHG Emissions Breakdown



## Building Count by Size



Building Size	0-20k ft2	20-50k ft2	50-75k ft2	75-100K ft2	100-200K ft2	200K+ ft2
Building Count	143,435	1,760	354	187	295	300

# GHG Emissions Breakdown



## Building Count by Size



**2%**  
Of buildings

Building Size	0-20k ft2	20-50k ft2	50-75k ft2	75-100K ft2	100-200K ft2	200K+ ft2
Building Count	143,435	1,760	354	187	295	300

# GHG Emissions Breakdown



## Building Count by Size



**2%**  
Of buildings

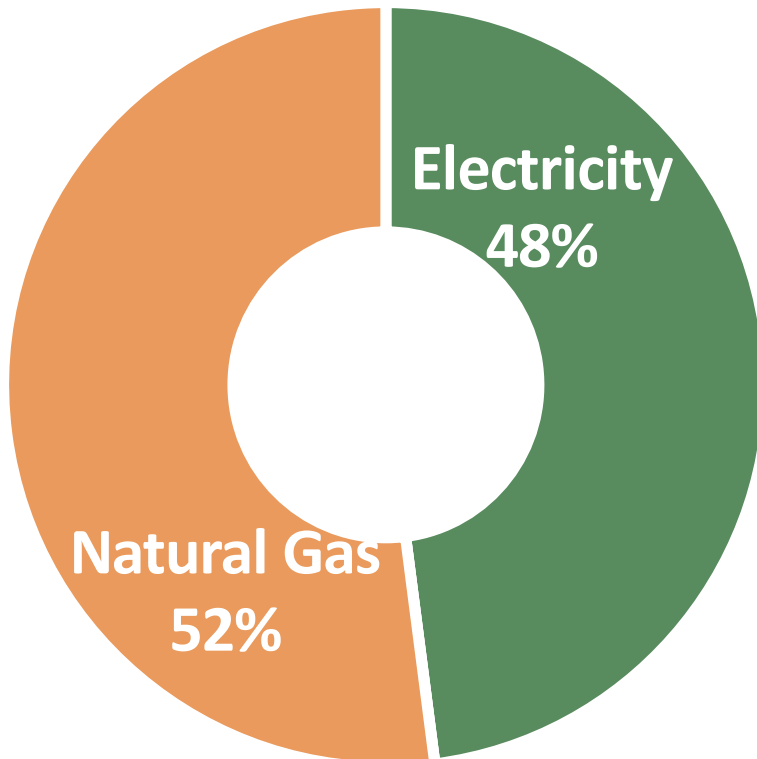
**53%**  
Of Emissions

Building Size	0-20k ft2	20-50k ft2	50-75k ft2	75-100K ft2	100-200K ft2	200K+ ft2
Building Count	143,435	1,760	354	187	295	300

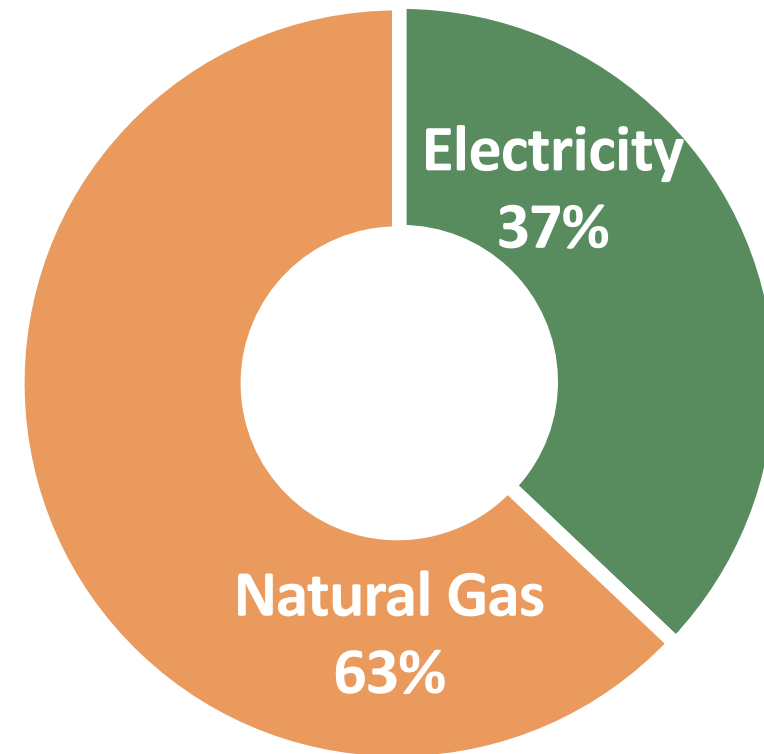
# Reducing Natural Gas is Key



## Energy Consumption



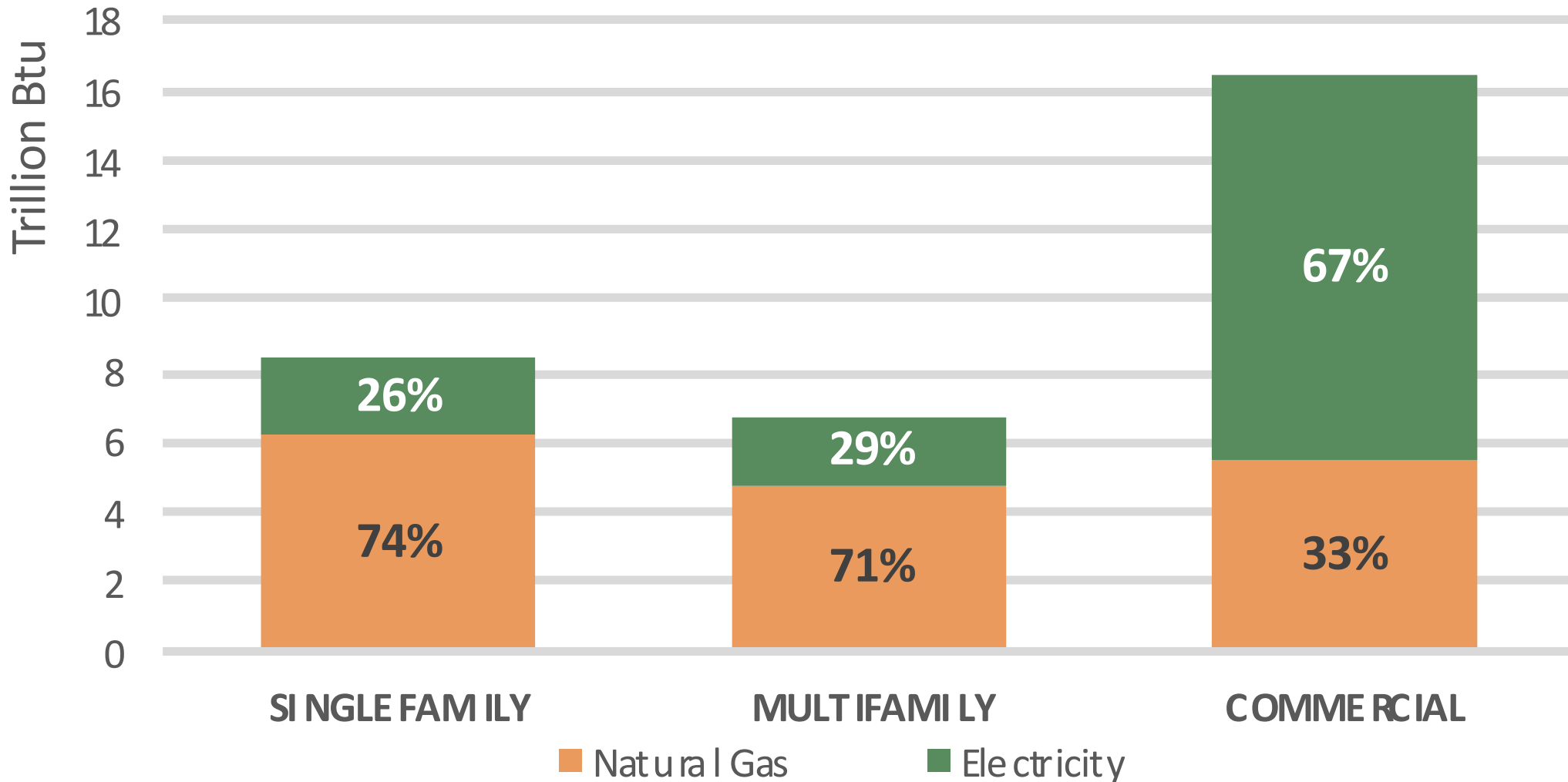
## GHG Emissions



# Residential Sector Natural Gas Usage



## Building Energy Use by Fuel & Type





# Modeling Policy Impact

# Control Building Inputs



# Apply Policy to Building Interaction Rate



- Design & Construction
- Point of Sale
- Point of Lease/Rental
- Building Renovation
- Major Systems Replacement
- Building Resilience Upgrade

# Accounting for Equity



Thank you!



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# Equity Assessment Tool

# Purpose – Equity Assessment Tool

## Audience:

City staff + community partners

## Purpose:

1. Illuminate intersection of racial equity and carbon reductions in built environment
2. Provide “Twin Goals” framework
3. Provide sample equity metrics
4. Provide guidance for evaluating Zero City strategies

# Twin Goals

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Racial  
Equity



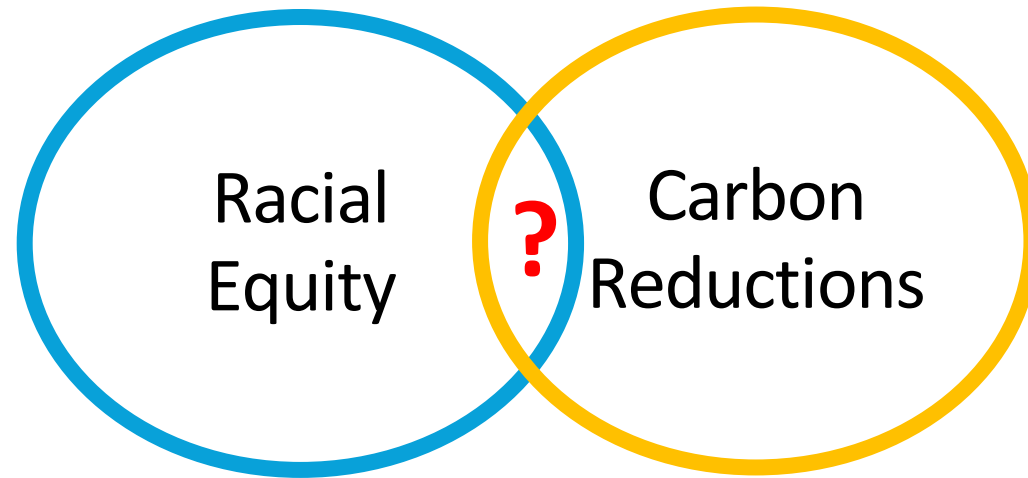
Carbon  
Reductions

How do we advance both of the co-equal goals at the same time?



# Twin Goals

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Where do these issues intersect?

# Sample Equity Metrics

1. Energy Cost Burden on People of Color
2. Economic Prosperity – Wealth, Jobs, Business
3. Exposure to Health Risk (asthma, lead, mold)
4. Exposure to Enviro Risk (flooding, pollution)
5. Gentrification and Displacement
6. Urban Heat Island

# Guidance – City-Specific Metrics

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## Work together

- Learning and discovery

- Partnership

## Develop City-Specific metrics and analysis

- Review sample metrics

- Discuss local circumstance

- Review City-Specific Supplement (local data resources)

- Hone ideas for city-specific metrics

# Guidance – Evaluate Strategies

Work together

Evaluate Potential Roadmap Strategies

Use X-Y axis tool

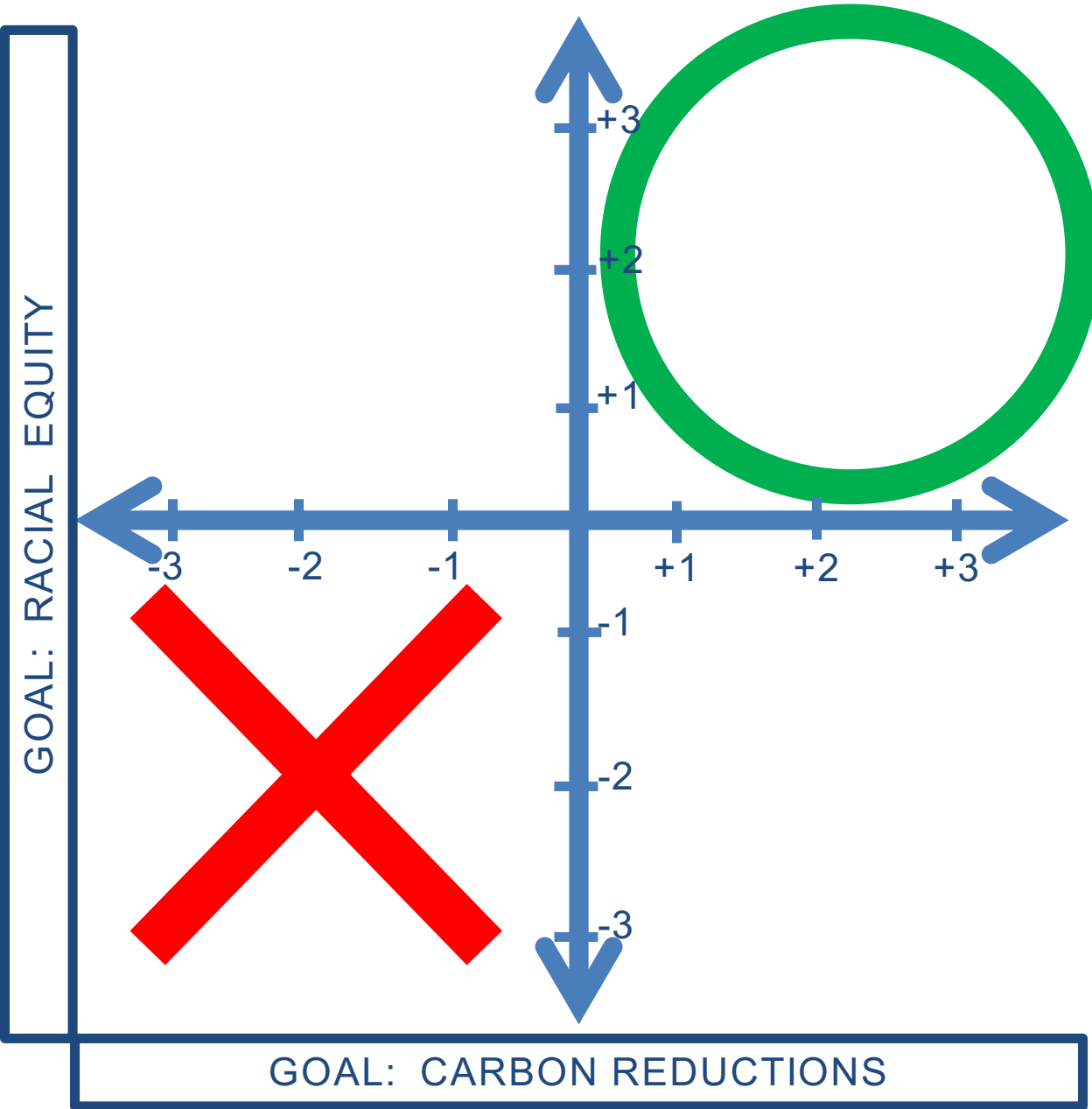
For each strategy - explore potential impacts on twin goals

- Use sample metrics (immediately)
- Use city-specific metrics (later)

What changes in our approach would produce more progress on twin goals?

Evaluate potential  
Roadmap  
Strategies.

How will your work  
advance the twin  
goals?



# Thank you

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Leah Obias

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# Community Engagement & Climate Justice

Working Together for Building Electrification



# PODER & Emerald Cities Anchor Partner Work



- Introduction
- Climate Justice
- Community Engagement
- Listening Pairs

Chris Selig, PhD, PODER Advisory Board Member  
Independent Consultant  
Sustaining All Life





# Introductions



- Name
- Where you live and work
- One reason you care about the climate



# People Organizing To Demand Environmental & Economic Rights (PODER)



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PODER's organizes with Latino immigrant families and youth to put into practice people-powered solutions that are locally based, community led and environmentally just. We nurture everyday people's leadership, regenerate culture, and build community power. We organize in San Francisco and forge alliances to achieve transformational change.

# Emerald Cities Collaborative



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ECC is a national nonprofit organization working to create high-road -- sustainable, just and inclusive -- local economies. Our local and national partners bring resources and expertise from the community, labor, business and government sectors. We're headquartered in Washington, D.C., and work in Emerald Cities nationwide.

# Why Climate



- Carbon dioxide, methane, and other gasses primarily produced by burning fossil fuel products are accumulating in the atmosphere and acting like glass in a greenhouse—trapping heat around the Earth.
- Data shows that we should take action to avoid even more serious impacts like extreme heat, damage to our food and water supply, loss of species, and huge storms.



# Why Climate



The time to act is now.

# Climate Justice

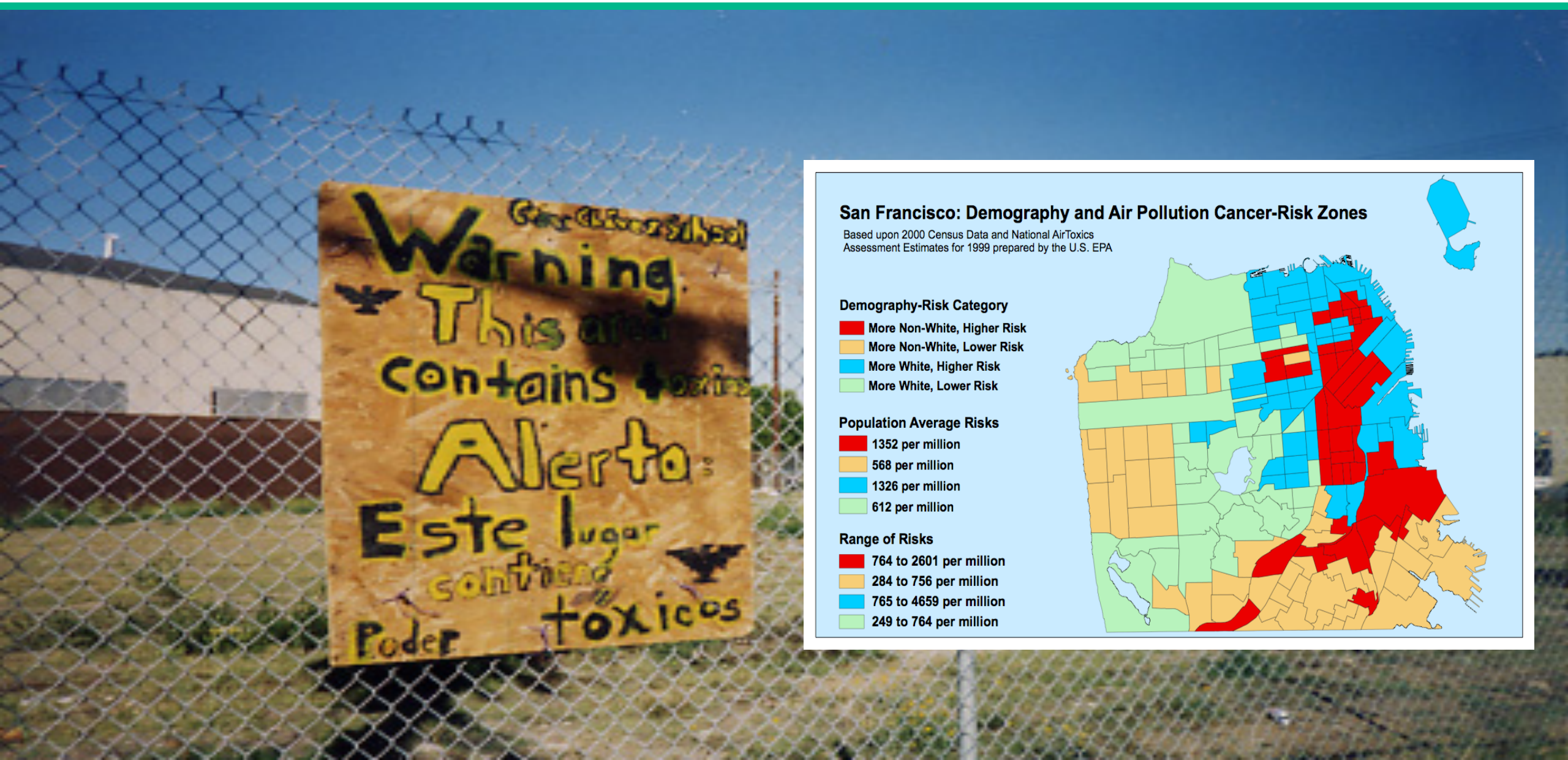


“Communities of color are hit first and worst.”

Manuel Pastor



# Climate Justice



George Washington School  
**Warning**  
This area contains toxic substances  
**Alerta:**  
Este lugar contiene toxinas  
Poder toxico

## San Francisco: Demography and Air Pollution Cancer-Risk Zones

Based upon 2000 Census Data and National AirToxics Assessment Estimates for 1999 prepared by the U.S. EPA

### Demography-Risk Category

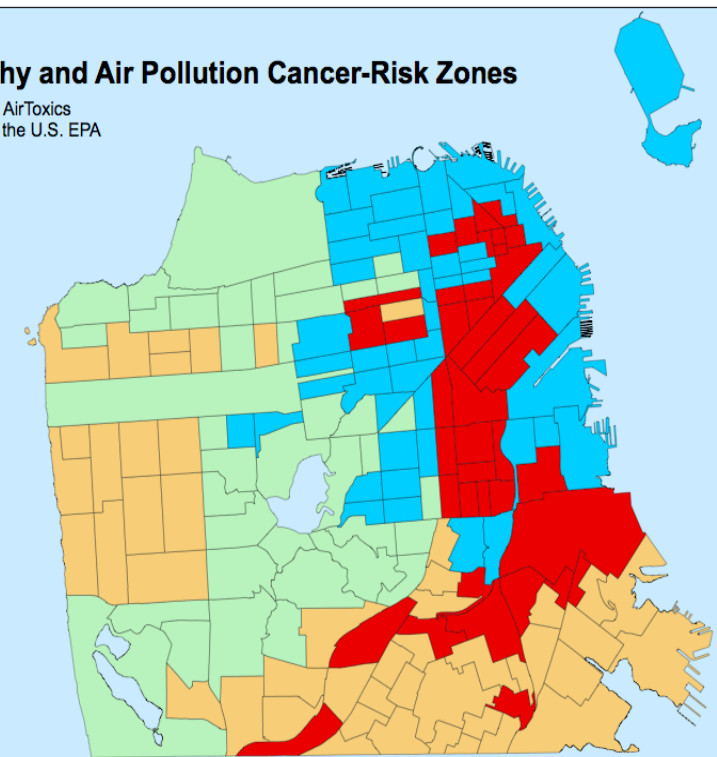
- More Non-White, Higher Risk
- More Non-White, Lower Risk
- More White, Higher Risk
- More White, Lower Risk

### Population Average Risks

- 1352 per million
- 568 per million
- 1326 per million
- 612 per million

### Range of Risks

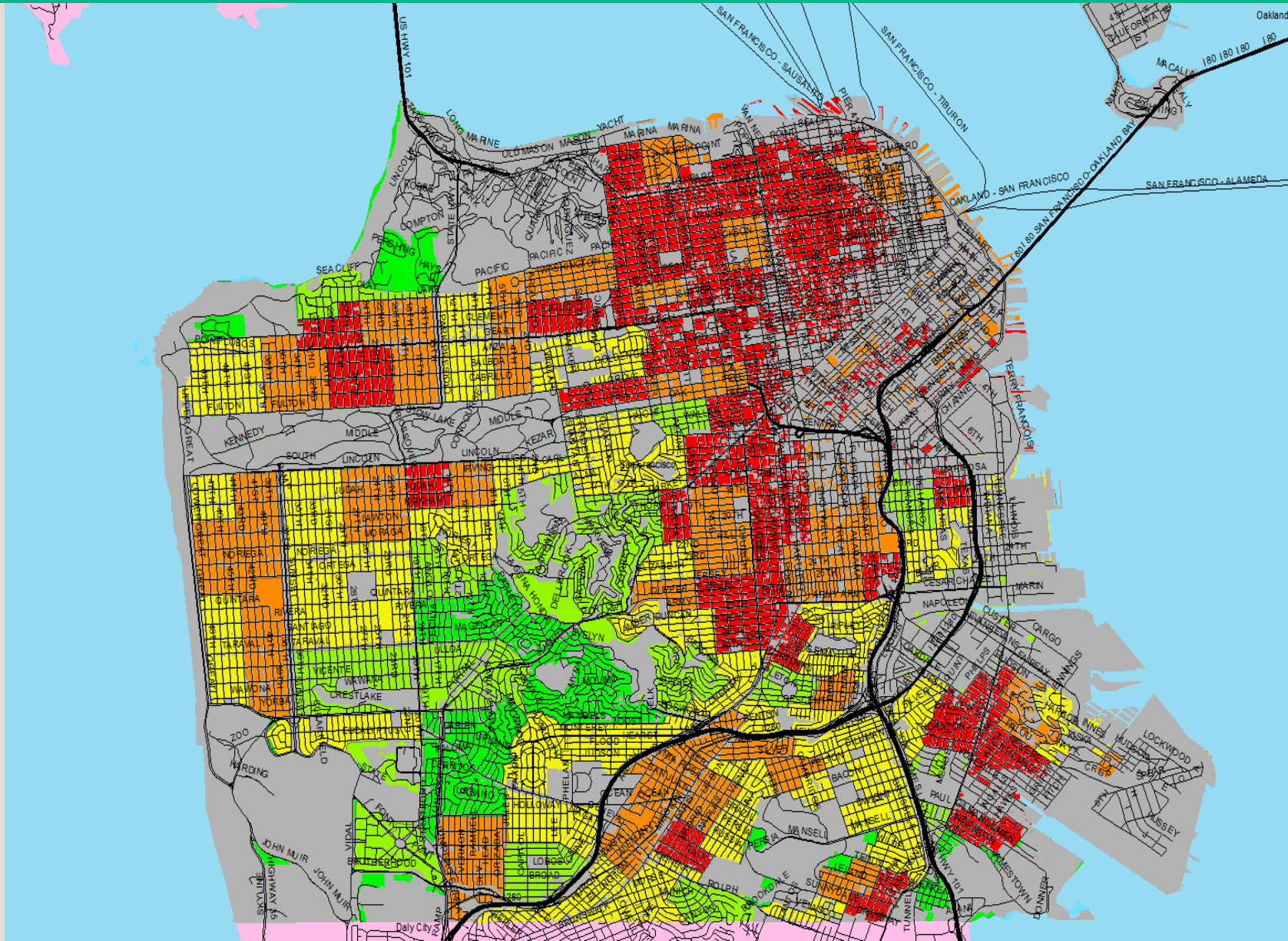
- 764 to 2601 per million
- 284 to 756 per million
- 765 to 4659 per million
- 249 to 764 per million



# Environmental Racism



## Climate Vulnerability





# Environmental Justice Approach



Environmental Justice is the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of all people regardless of race, ethnicity, national origin, or income in the development, implementation and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies.



# Jemez Principles



1. Be Inclusive
2. Emphasize Bottom-Up Organizing
3. Let People Speak for Themselves
4. Work together In solidarity and Mutuality
5. Build Just Relationships Among Ourselves
6. Commitment to Self Transformation



# Organizational Mapping and Outreach



# Listening



- Climate justice takes working together.
- We need to come up with new ideas.
- Getting listened to helps people come up with new ideas.



# Listening Pair Guidelines



1. Each person gets a turn.
2. The listener - looks warm, kind, pleased and like you like the person. Listen.
3. The person being listened to - you can change your mind. Feelings are welcome.
4. Choose who will be listened to first.
5. Have someone time.



# Resources



- Jemez Principles
- Sustaining All Life
- California Environmental Justice Alliance
- Climate Justice Alliance
- Indigenous Environmental Network



Thank you!



**Chris Selig, PODER**

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[www.podersf.org](http://www.podersf.org)



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