



## **Energy Efficiency and Adaptation:** *Coordination for Mutually Beneficial Outcomes*

- **Michael McCormick**, Senior Planner, Governor's Office of Planning and Research
- **Kathleen Bryan**, Senior Energy Efficiency Specialist, City and County of San Francisco
- **Lauren Casey**, Deputy Director, Sonoma County Regional Climate Protection Authority
- **Kristine Lloyd**, Senior Environmental Policy Advisor, Southern California Gas Company



# Office of Planning and Research

- State Land Use Policy
- CEQA Guidelines
- General Plan Guidelines
- Military Liaison
- Technical Advisories
- Interagency Coordination
- Executive Initiatives
- Within OPR:
  - Strategic Growth Council
  - Integrated Climate Adaptation and Resiliency Program





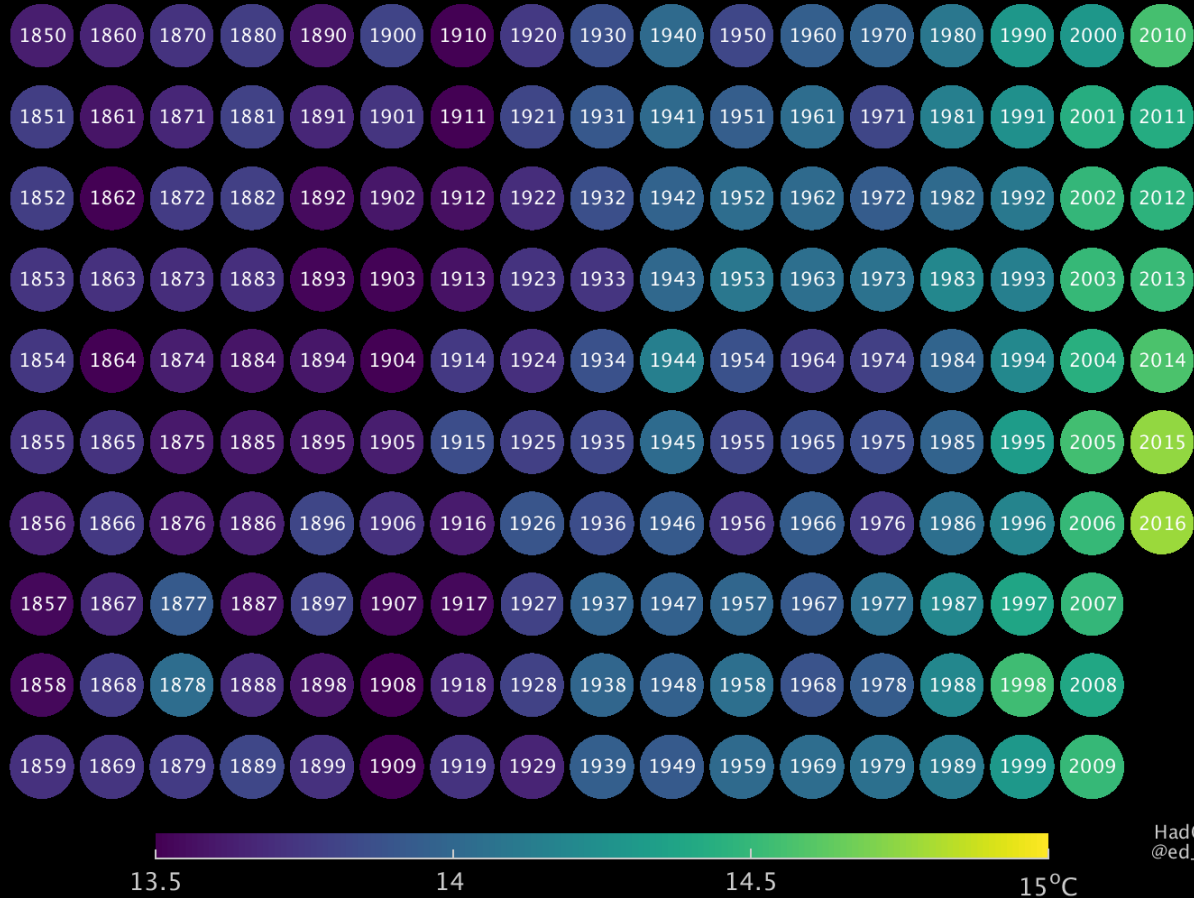
# Institutionalization

- EO S-03-05 – Targets for 2020 and 2050
  - 2006 AB32 – Global Warming Solutions Act
  - 2009 SB97 – Climate Change and CEQA
  - 2008 SB375 – Linking Emissions, Housing and Transportation
    - SB732 – Strategic Growth Council
- EO S-13-08 – Climate Adaptation
- EO B-30-15 – Integrated approach to climate
  - SB32 – Scoping Plan
  - AB1482 – Safeguarding California and related
  - SB246 – OPR, ICARP and Clearinghouse
  - SB350 – New greenhouse gas emissions targets
  - AB2800 – Infrastructure Planning
  - SB379 – Local governments and climate risk
  - SB1000 - Environmental Justice Requirements



# Climate Change is Now

Global temperature (1850–2016)





# IMPACTS *CA Extremes and Contrasts*





## STRATEGY *Extreme Heat Days*

City	2050	2099
Bakersfield	48	93
El Centro	60	101
Fresno	46	90
Los Angeles	78	110
Redding	35	75
Sacramento	44	85
San Diego	76	129
San Francisco	39	126
San Jose	71	111
Truckee	41	83



# Six Goals “Pillars” Executive Order B-30-15

## Vision

Reducing Greenhouse Gas Emissions to 40% Below 1990 levels by 2030

## Goals

Governor's Key Climate Change Strategies



Increase Renewable Electricity Production to 50%



Reduce Petroleum Use by 50% in Vehicles



Double Energy Efficiency Savings at Existing Buildings



Reduce GHG Emissions from Natural and Working Lands



Reduce Short-Lived Climate Pollutants



Safeguard California



## Popular Links

- ◊ About AB 32
- ◊ AB 32 Scoping Plan
- ◊ Adaptation
- ◊ Cal-Adapt
- ◊ Climate Change Programs
- ◊ California Adaptation Forum
- ◊ Climate Action Team Research
- ◊ California Climate Assessments
- ◊ Cap and Trade
- ◊ Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory



## Focus on International

- ◊ Intergovernmental Collaboration
- ◊ Under2MOU
- ◊ Climate Change Conference of the Parties – COP 21
- ◊ Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
- ◊ International ZEV Alliance
- ◊ California Climate Action



# CALIFORNIA'S CLIMATE CHANGE POLICY

## Reducing Emissions



First Update to the  
**Climate Change Scoping Plan**

**BUILDING ON THE FRAMEWORK**  
PURSUANT TO AB 32  
THE CALIFORNIA GLOBAL WARMING  
SOLUTIONS ACT OF 2006



## Preparing for Impacts

Natural Resources Agency  
**Safeguarding California:  
Reducing Climate Risk**  
An update to the 2009 California Climate  
Adaptation Strategy

July 2014

## Research



**Climate Change  
Research Plan for  
California**



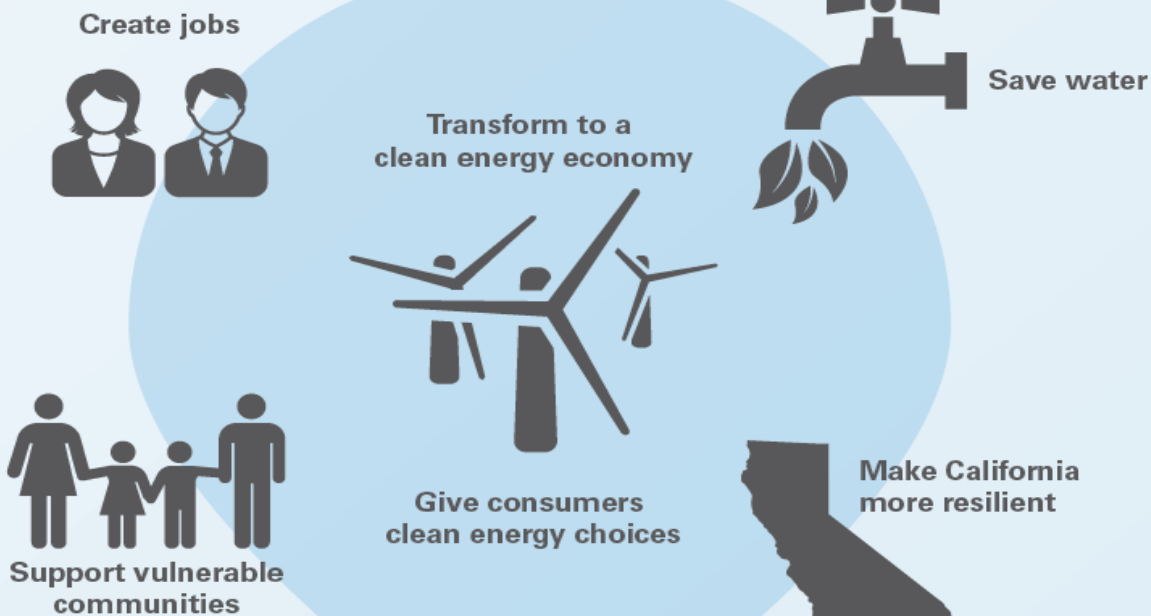




# What Does it Mean?

## Energy Efficiency Links All of These

### PRINCIPLES



Energy Efficiency

# ENERGY EFFICIENCY & ADAPTATION

Kristine Lloyd, SoCalGas

# About SoCalGas

- » 140 years young
- » The nation's largest natural gas distribution utility
  - 20.9 million consumers
  - 5.8 million meters
  - 500 communities
- » We deliver clean, safe and reliable natural gas
- » We pride ourselves on customer service: we've earned the highest customer satisfaction score among all utilities nationwide, according to the J.D. Power and Associates



# Natural Gas Energy Efficiency: A Resource of First Choice

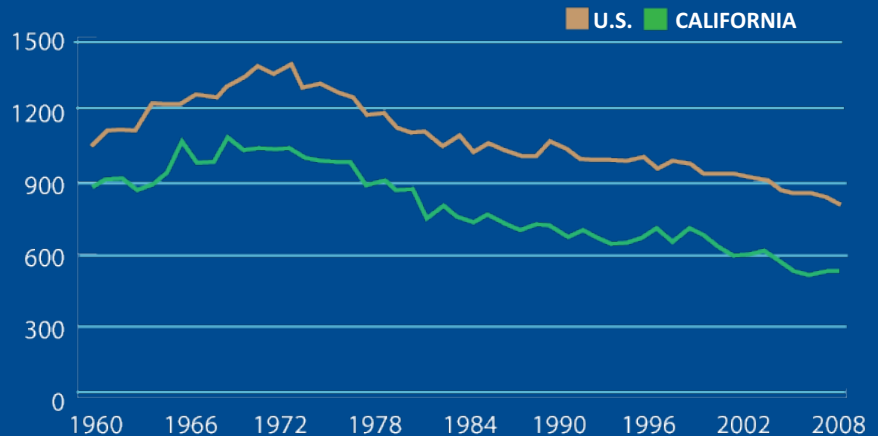
**GOAL** Reducing energy usage to meet California's energy needs

**GOAL** Reducing greenhouse gas emissions to meet SB350 goals

**GOAL** Using energy efficiency to grow the economy

**GOAL** Achieving market transformation to accomplish longer-term savings

US & CA Residential Weather Adjusted Gas Consumption per Customer (Therms per Year)



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

# Energy Efficiency Programs



Spent \$1 billion in natural gas Energy Efficiency (1990-present)



Since 1990, saved >564mm therms and reduced GHG emissions by >3mm metric tons



90% of homes use natural gas but average use per customer reduced from 2,126 therms/year in 1990 to 1,890 therms/year today, with 25% more customers



SoCalGas' 2016 EE programs met 124% of CPUC's therms savings goals



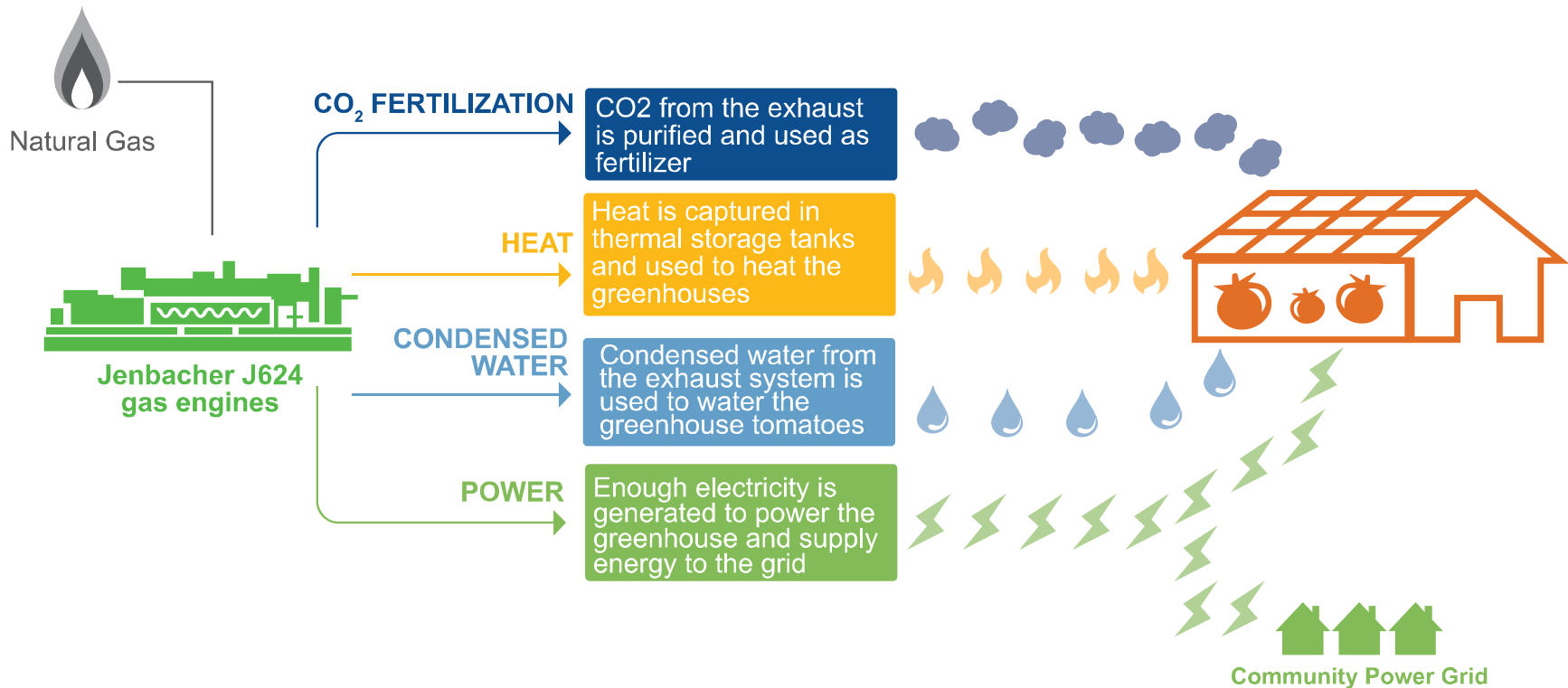
SoCalGas' EE programs created approximately 1,100 green economy jobs in CA

# Conserve Energy SoCal: An Integrated and Innovative Approach

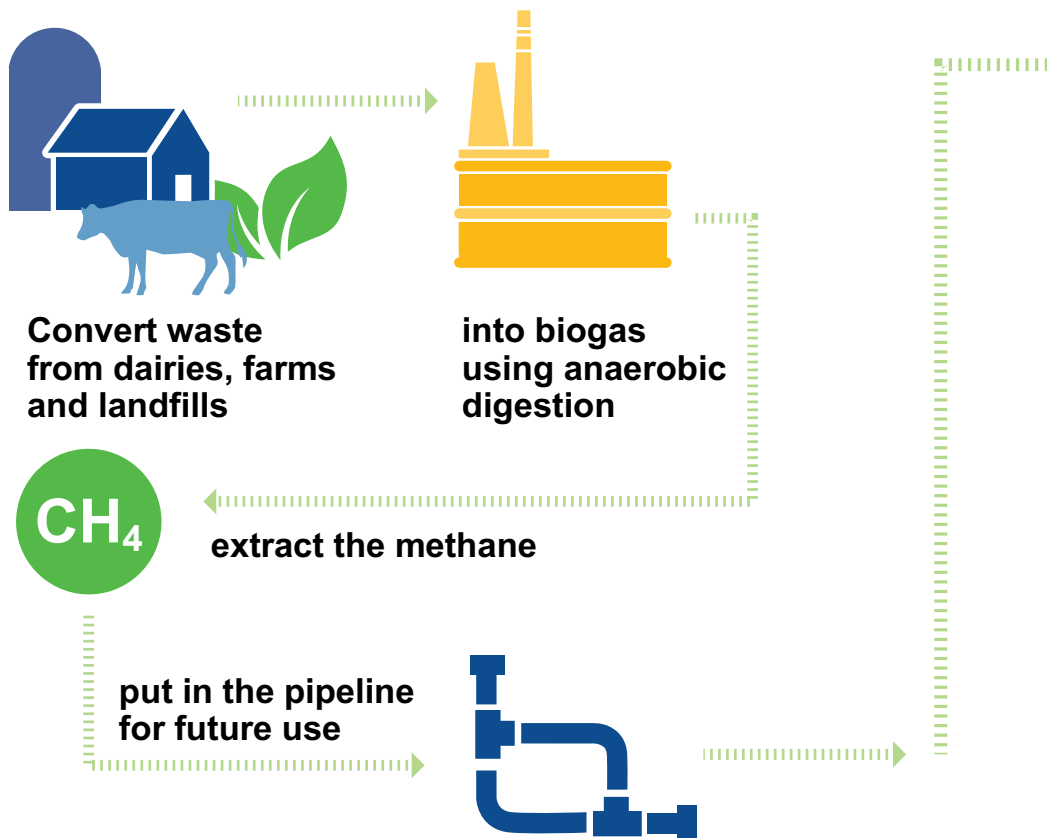
## An Integrated, Multifaceted Campaign



# Decarbonizing Energy: Distributed Generation



# Decarbonizing Energy: Renewable Natural Gas



WHAT'S POSSIBLE

POWER

**2-3 million** homes

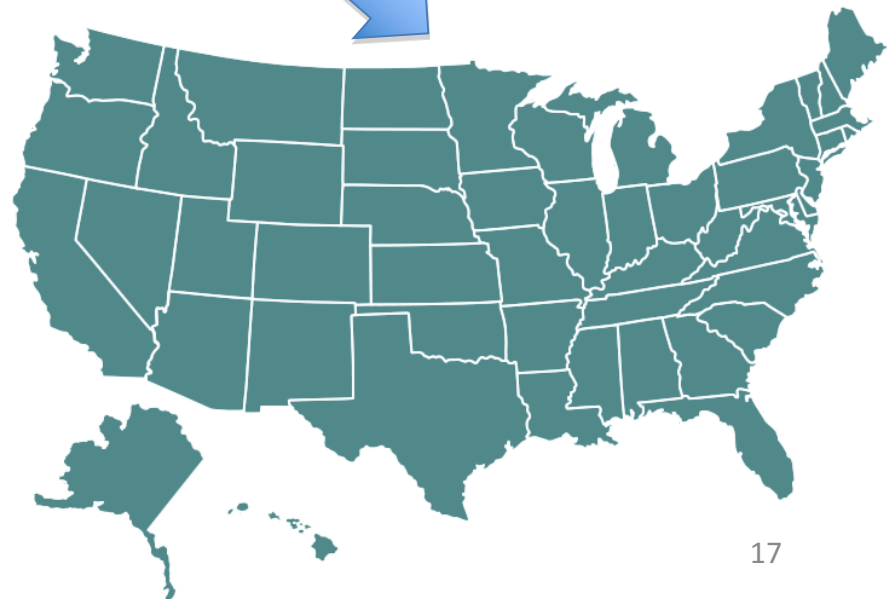
REPLACE

**75%** of all diesel used by CA vehicles

SUPPLY biogas from food and green waste with a **NEGATIVE** carbon intensity

Source: Bioenergy Association of California, CARB May 2014 Look-Up Table30





# 20 x 2020: Countywide Reduction Goals



## GREENHOUSE GAS Sources



BUILDING ENERGY



TRANSPORTATION & LAND USE



SOLID WASTE



WATER & WASTEWATER



LIVESTOCK & FERTILIZER



ADVANCED CLIMATE INITIATIVES



## 20 Goals for Reducing Greenhouse Gases

1. Increase building energy efficiency
2. Increase renewable energy use
3. Switch equipment from fossil fuel to electricity
4. Reduce travel demand through focused growth
5. Encourage a shift toward low-carbon transportation options
6. Increase vehicle and equipment fuel efficiency
7. Encourage a shift toward low-carbon fuels in vehicles and equipment
8. Reduce idling
9. Increase solid waste diversion
10. Increase capture and use of methane from landfills
11. Reduce water consumption
12. Increase recycled water and graywater use
13. Increase water and wastewater infrastructure efficiency
14. Increase use of renewable energy in water and wastewater systems
15. Reduce emissions from livestock operations
16. Reduce emissions from fertilizer use
17. Protect and enhance the value of open and working lands
18. Promote sustainable agriculture
19. Increase carbon sequestration
20. Reduce emissions from consumption of goods and services

# Adaptation: Climate Resilience Roadmap



**EXTREME  
HEAT**



**EXTREME  
DROUGHT**



**MORE  
WILDFIRES**



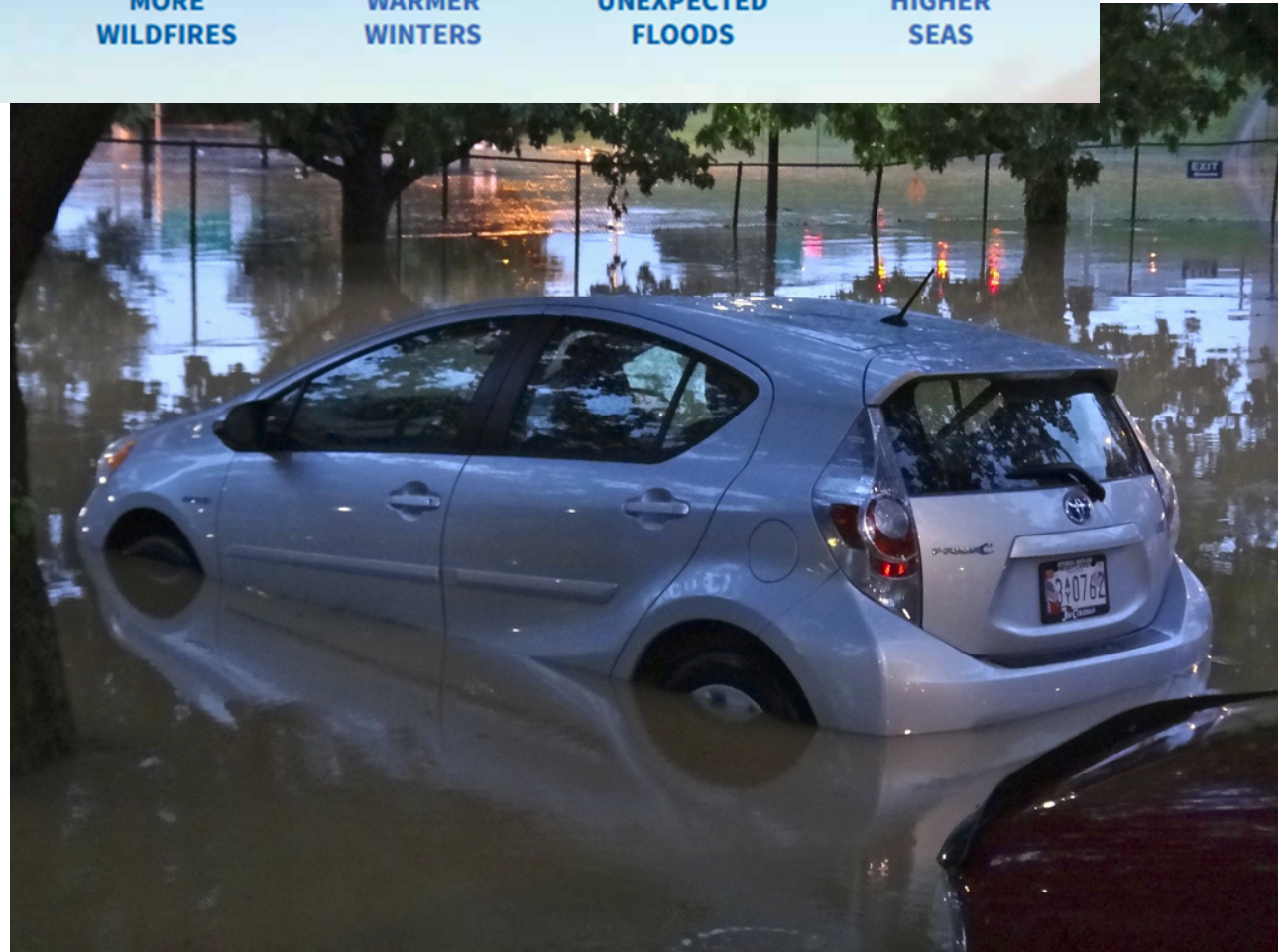
**WARMER  
WINTERS**



**UNEXPECTED  
FLOODS**



**HIGHER  
SEAS**



## Mitigation

Reduce  
greenhouse gas  
emissions,  
sequester carbon

## Adaptation

Protect  
communities from  
inevitable impacts  
of climate change

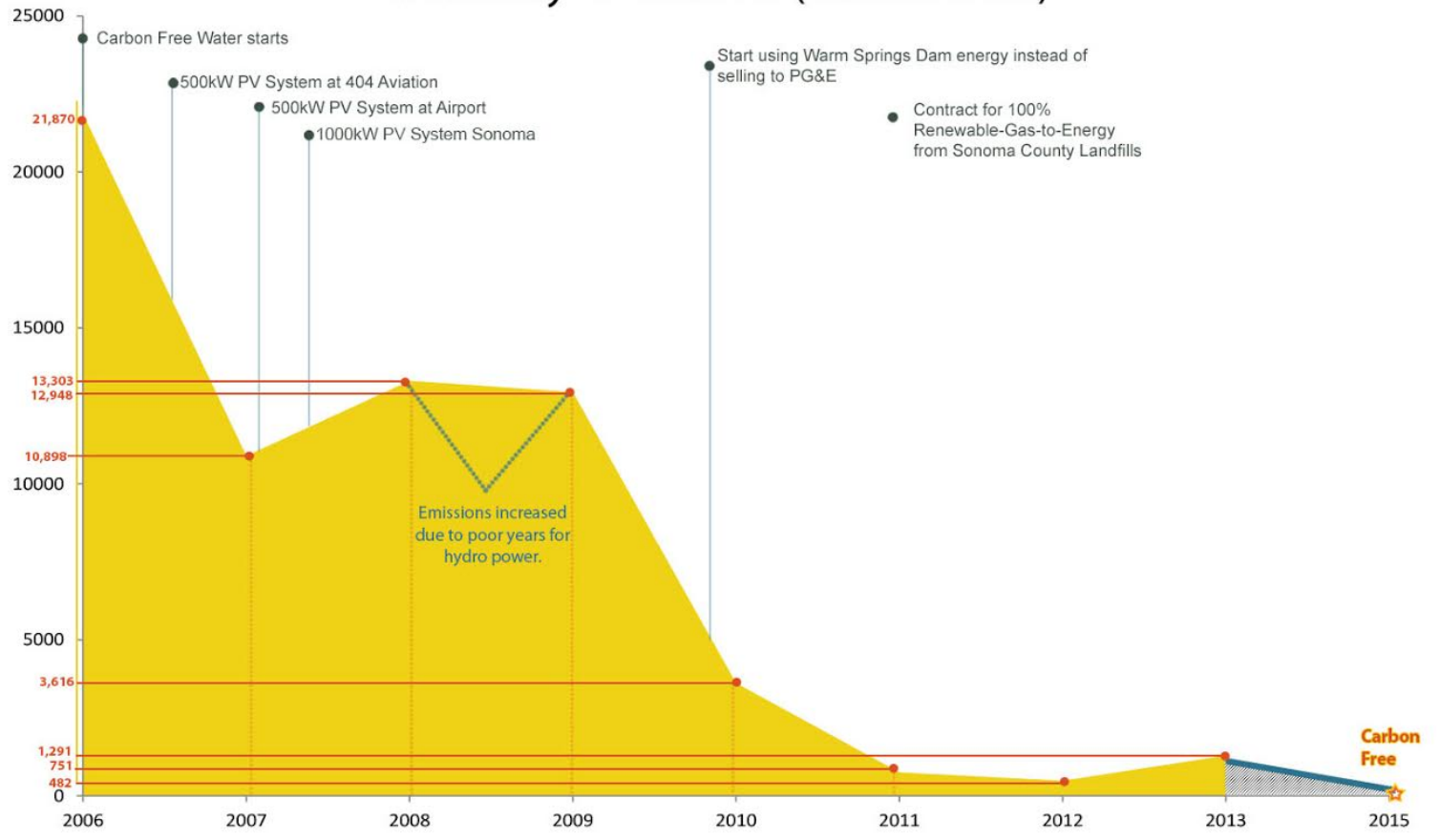
# WIN-WIN-WIN

- Water efficiency
- Energy efficiency
- Local power
- Local food
- Natural water infrastructure
- Compact development
- Diverse agriculture
- Biodiversity-oriented forestry



# Carbon Free Water

## Electricity Emissions (metric tons)





# Energy Independence Program

- PACE Financing
- Green house-calls
- DIY toolkits

## PROJECTS FUNDED

**Residential:** 2,326

**Commercial:** 67

**Total Contracts**

**Funded:** \$76,497,914.09

**Gross Direct, Indirect and**

**Induced Jobs:** 1,531.42

**Percent of Projects Completed by**

**Local Contractors:** 89%

**Metric Tons of CO2 Equivalent**

**Emissions Reduced per**

**Year:** 10,451.84

What is it about for you?



For us, it was about thermostat wars:

*"Our home is comfortable year round... plus, it reduced our energy bills and consumption by over 50%."*

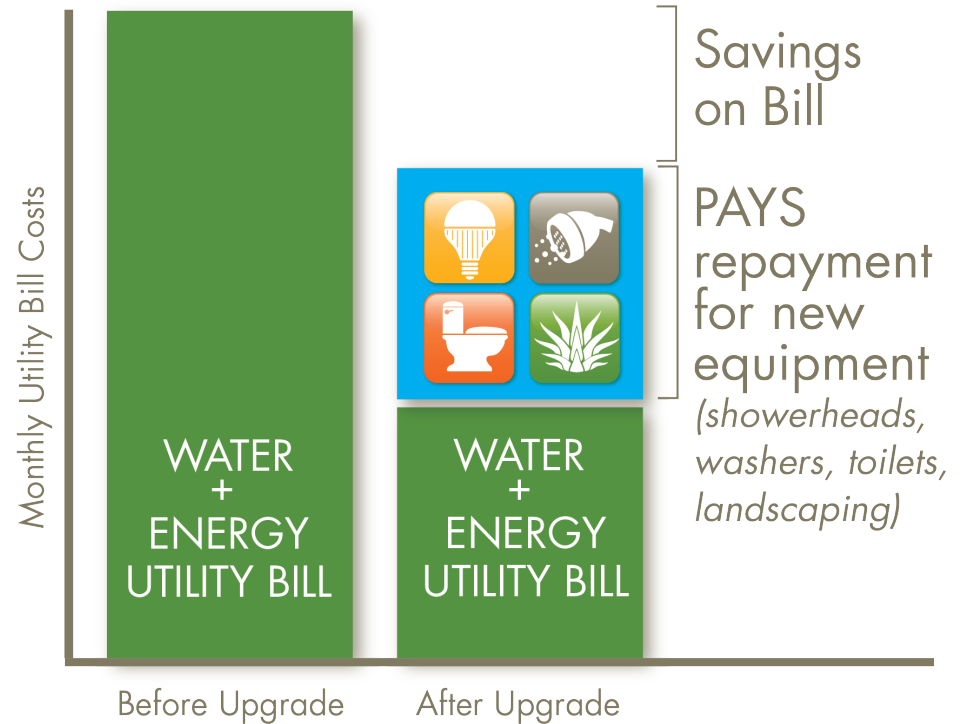
*- Tiffany and Scott Bagala, Santa Rosa*



# Pay As You Save (PAYS)



With PAYS, customers enjoy lower utility bills and new equipment.



# community **RESILIENCE** challenge

SAVE  
water

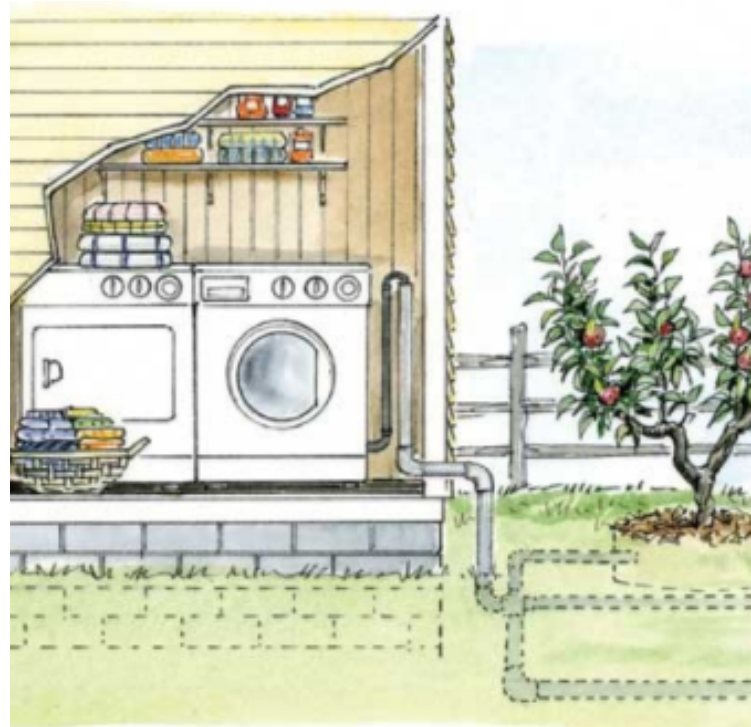
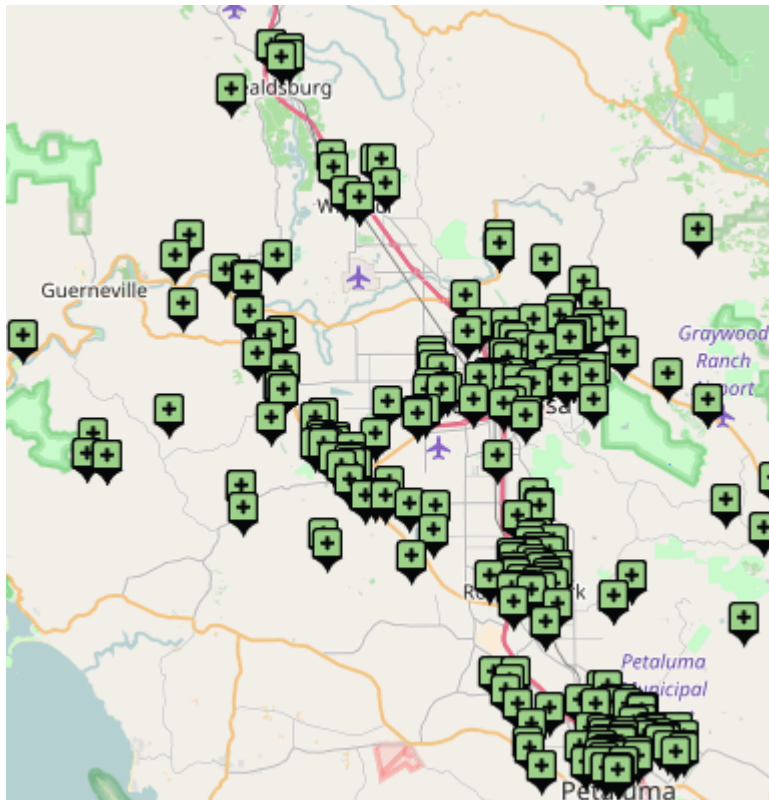
GROW  
food

CONSERVE  
energy

REDUCE  
waste

BUILD  
community

**“Over the past seven years, 30,787 resilience building actions have been registered locally!!”**





Participants and communities are less exposed to...

- Extreme heat
- Supply disruption
- Price shocks
- Poor indoor air quality
- Resource constraints to growth
- Demand for health and emergency services





**SF Environment**

**Our home. Our city. Our planet.**

A Department of the City and County of San Francisco

# Resilient San Francisco: Getting to 80 x 50



# Communicating Climate Change

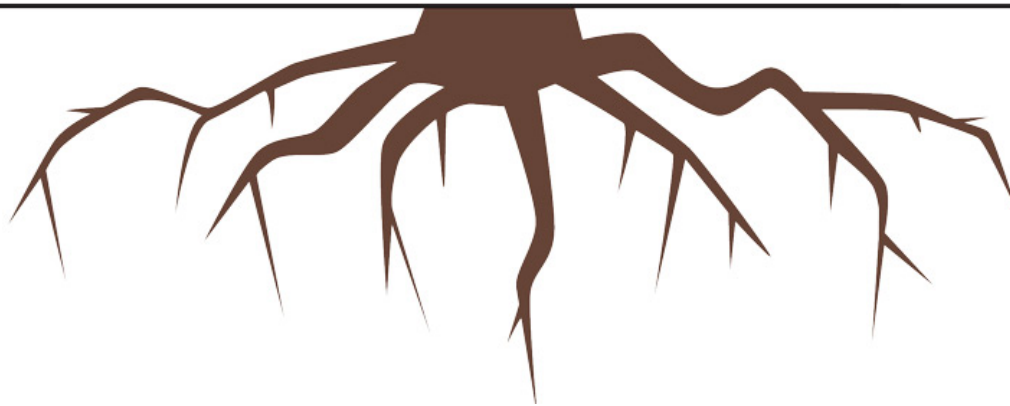


SAN FRANCISCO CLIMATE ACTION

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0 50 100

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# Climate Action



Photo credit: Merri, Flickr

**19.5%**  
Population

**78%**  
GDP

**28%**  
GHG Emissions

# SFEW Achievements Since 2006



SAN FRANCISCO  
energy  
watch



**\$25 million**

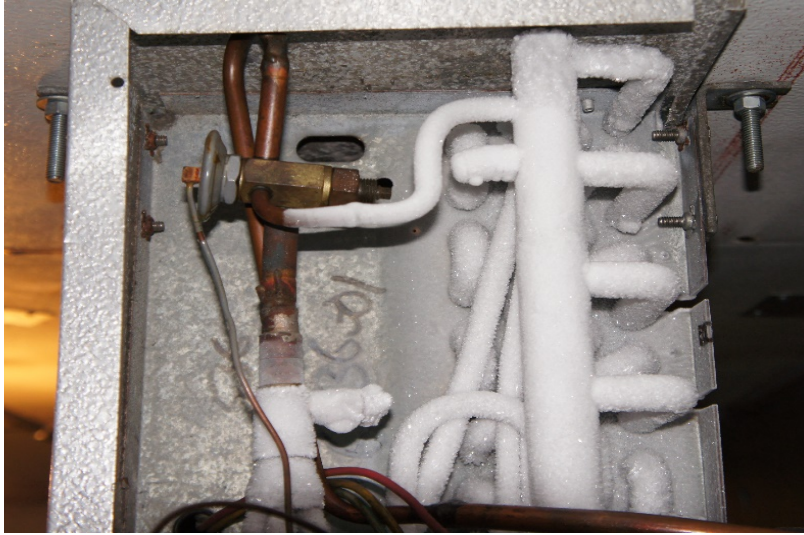


**7,500 Projects**



**10,704 cars off the road**

# Comprehensive Maintenance in the Food & Beverage Sector



# Ken Khoa, Owner of Taste of Vietnam



After participating in this pilot, I realized how critical it is to maintain my refrigerators and the importance of real-time monitoring. Program staff and contractors were very patient and guided me through the entire process, and I am very happy to save money too!



# San Francisco results, BayREN Multifamily program



**Visited 21,863 units in 326 Buildings**

- **26% Conversion Rate**

**5,684 Completed Units Since 2013**

- **71 Buildings**

**945 Unit in Construction Now**

- **31% Average Reduction**



# BayREN ZNE Case Study



Chinatown Community  
Development Center

華協中心



# Solar + Storage = Climate + Resilience



## RESILIENT SAN FRANCISCO

STRONGER TODAY, STRONGER TOMORROW.



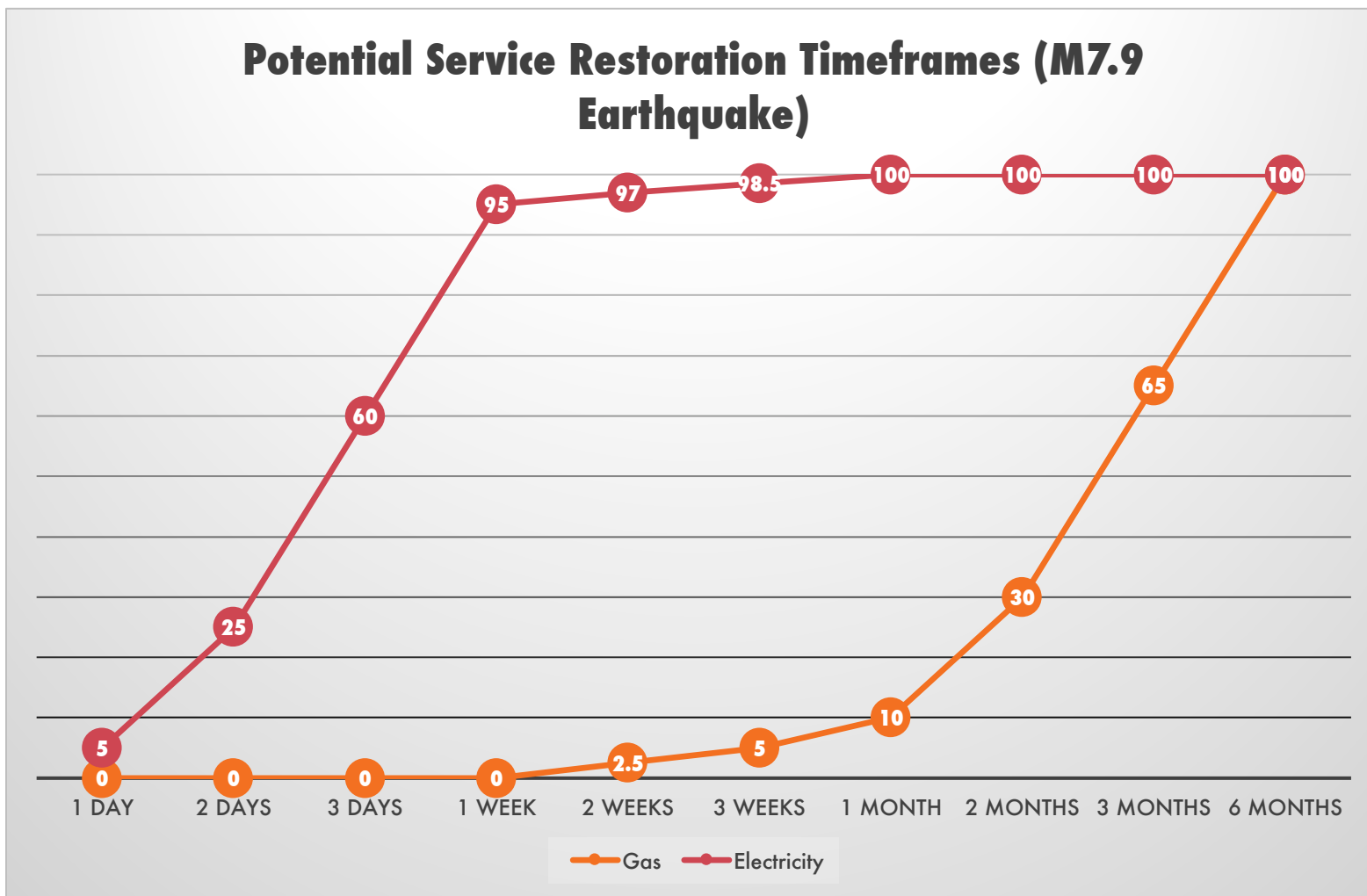
San Francisco

## Climate Action Strategy



# USDOE S+S Grant: Plan for 3-7 day outage

## Potential Service Restoration Timeframes (M7.9 Earthquake)

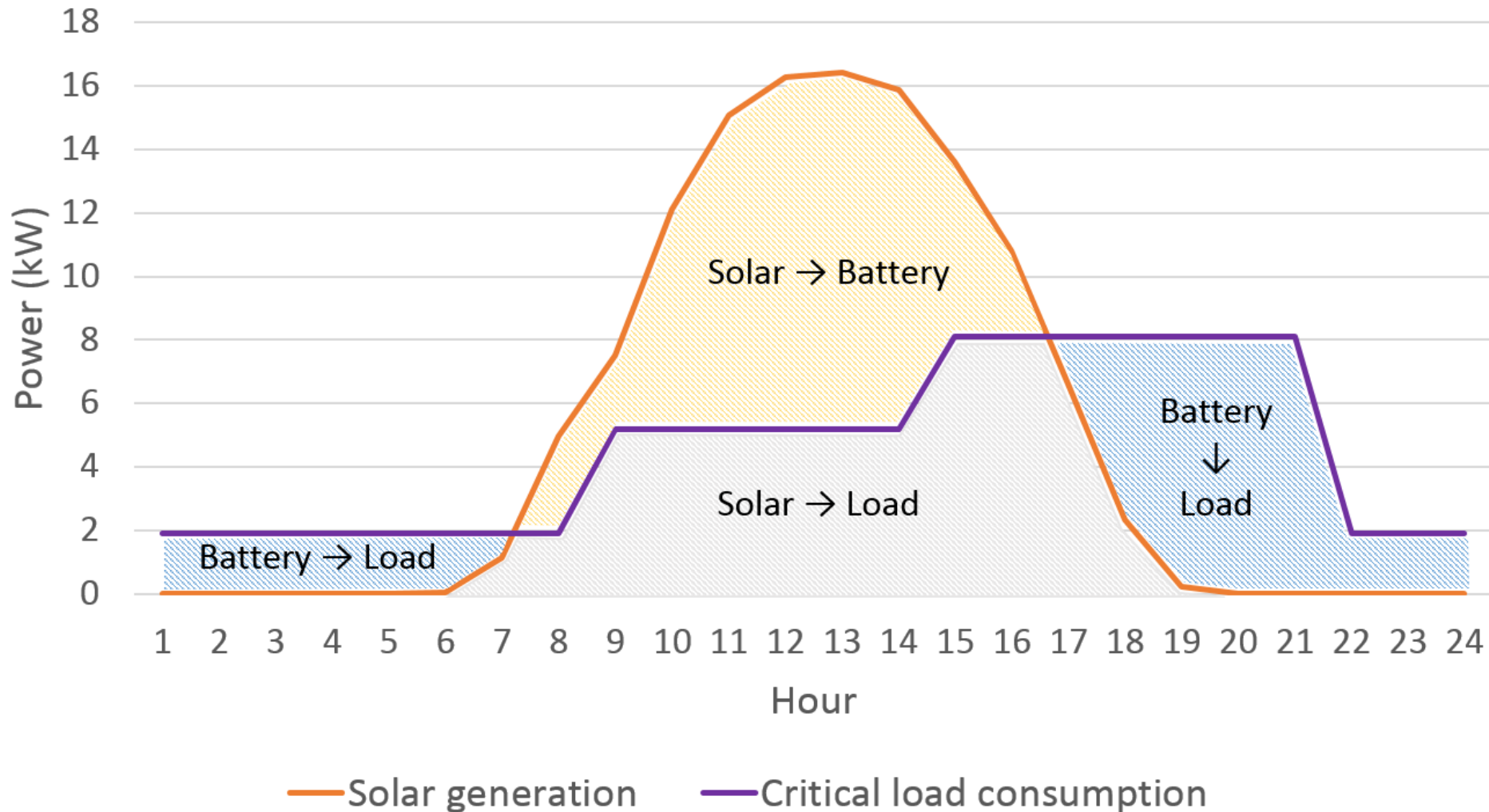


Data: SF Lifelines Council, April 2014

# Design for emergency operation



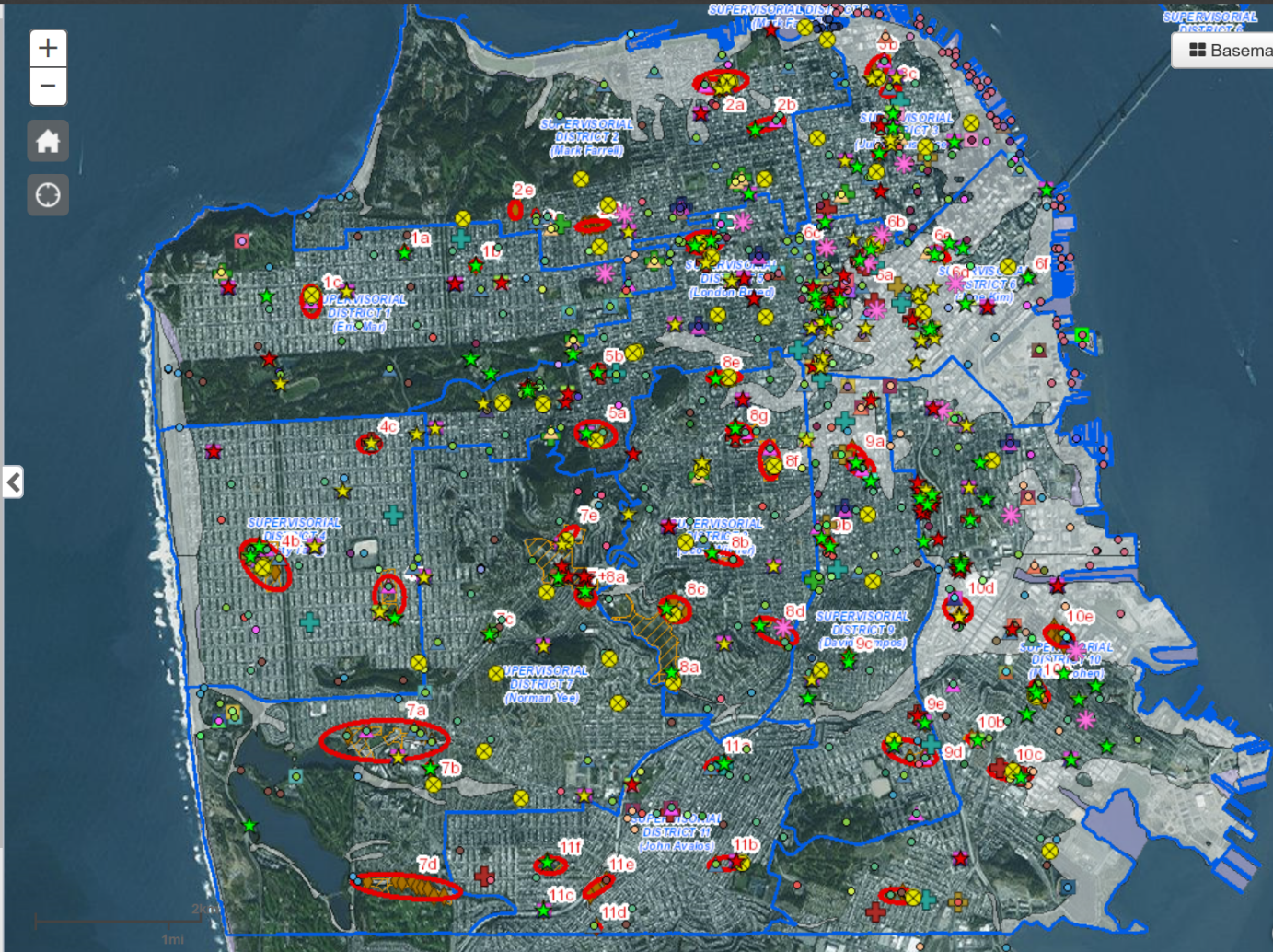
## Emergency operation during loss of grid power



# Site selection



- Legend
- Layers
  - Hazus Results
    - Critical Infrastructure
      - Primary NGO Kitchens - 2015
      - NERT Staging Location
      - All Facilities
      - Facilities with Critical Power Need
      - Facilities with Generators
      - Medical Assets
    - Microgrids
      - Selected Sites
      - Original Sites Under Consideration
    - City Data
    - Hazards
      - C05 - San Andreas
      - C06 - Hayward
      - C07 - Soil Liquefaction
      - C08 - Landslide
      - C09 - Tsunami
      - C13 - Wildfire
      - C14 - Reservoir Inundation
      - C18 - Heat Vulnerability
- Bookmarks
- Identify
- Find



# Typical site

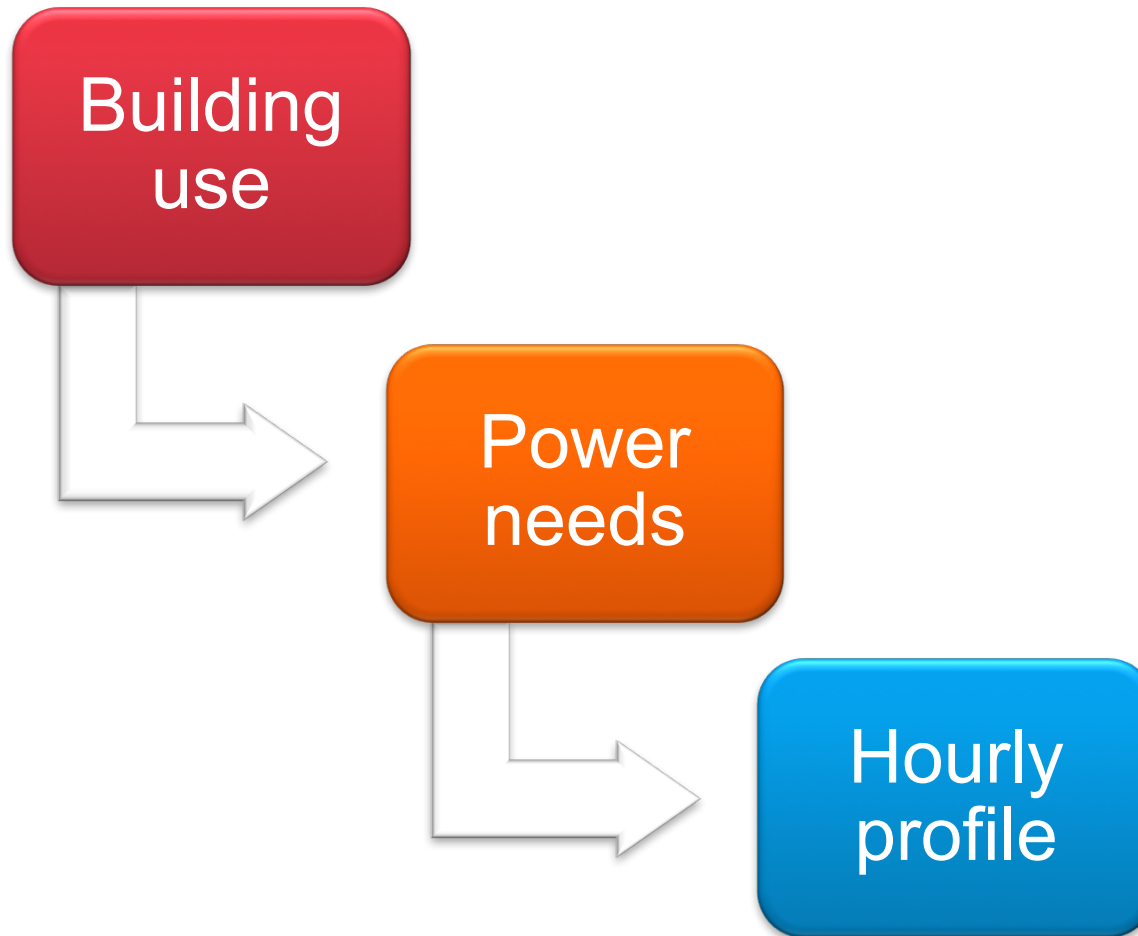


← School

↓ Library

Rec  
Center  
↓

# Critical loads assessment



# System sizing – SolarResilient.org



## PV System

Array size:  
76 kW

Existing array size:  
0 kW

Annual generation:  
118,000 kWh



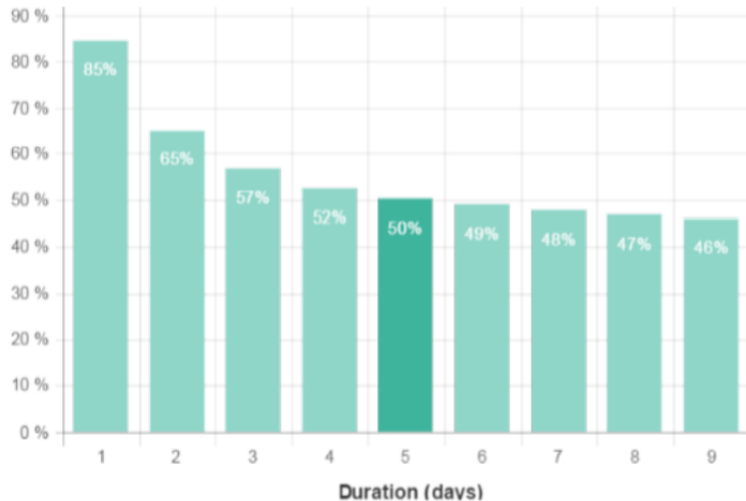
Roof 5,100 sq.ft.      Parking 0 sq.ft.

## Battery System

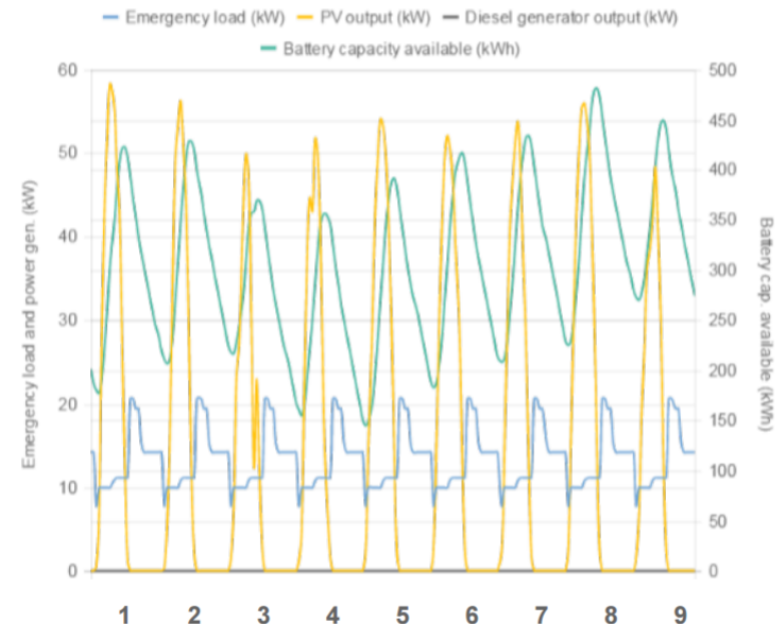
System size:  
125kW / 500 kWh

Space required:  
430 cu.ft.

## System Duration - Probability



## System Operation During Design Days







## Kathleen Bryan

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